UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION **WASHINGTON, DC 20549**

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(D) OF THE **SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

Date of report (Date of earliest event reported): November 15, 2017

CorEnergy Infrastructure Trust, Inc. (Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

20-3431375

1-33292

Maryland

	(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation)	(Commission File Number)	(IRS Employer Identification No.)
	1100 Walnut, Suite 3350, Kansas City, MO (Address of Principal Executive Offices)		64106 (Zip Code)
		(816) 875-3705 (Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Coo	de)
	(For	Not Applicable mer Name or Former Address, if Changed Since Last	Report)
rovi	Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K f sions:	iling is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing of	bligation of the registrant under any of the following
	Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under	the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)	
	Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the	Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)	
	Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rul	le 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d	l-2(b))
	Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rul	e 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-	-4(c))
2b-2	Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an 2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 o		the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule
inan	If an emerging growth company, indicate by check cial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section		ded transition period for complying with any new or revised

Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.

CorEnergy President and Chief Executive Officer, Dave Schulte, will speak at the Southwest IDEAS Conference in Dallas, Texas on November 16, 2017. A copy of the presentation will be posted on the Company's website on November 16, 2017 and is furnished as Exhibit 99.1 to this Form 8-K. An archived webcast will also be available on the Company's website.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

d) Exhibits

Exhibit No. Description

99.1 Presentation slides for conference on November 16, 2017

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

CORENERGY INFRASTRUCTURE TRUST, INC.

Dated: November 15, 2017 By: /s/ Rebecca M. Sandring

Rebecca M. Sandring

Secretary



Southwest IDEAS Conference David Schulte, President and Chief Executive Officer

November 16, 2017



Disclaimer

This presentation contains certain statements that may include "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. All statements, other than statements of historical fact, included herein are "forward-looking statements."

Although CorEnergy believes that the expectations reflected in these forward-looking statements are reasonable, they do involve assumptions, risks and uncertainties, and these expectations may prove to be incorrect. Actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of a variety of factors, including those discussed in CorEnergy's reports that are filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. You should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this presentation.

Other than as required by law, CorEnergy does not assume a duty to update any forward-looking statement. In particular, any distribution paid in the future to our stockholders will depend on the actual performance of CorEnergy, its costs of leverage and other operating expenses and will be subject to the approval of CorEnergy's Board of Directors and compliance with leverage covenants.



Infrastructure assets have desirable investment characteristics

Infrastructure REIT Strategy Overview

- · Infrastructure assets are essential for our customers' operations to produce revenue
- · CorEnergy's triple-net leases and other contracts generate operating expense for our tenants
- · Total long-term return of 8-10% on assets from base rents, plus acquisitions and participating rents
- · Growing CorEnergy through disciplined acquisitions that are accretive to AFFO and dividends per share

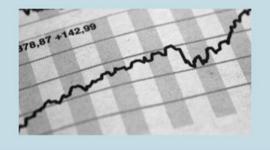
Asset Fundamentals

- Long-lived assets, critical to tenant operations
- · High barriers to entry with strategic locations
- · Contracts provide predictable revenue
- · Limited sensitivity to price/volume changes



Investment Characteristics

- High cash flow component to total return
- Attractive potential risk-adjusted returns
- Diversification vs. other asset classes
- · Potential inflation protection





CorEnergy Senior Management



Dave Schulte Co-Founder, CEO & President

Mr. Schulte has 27 years of investment experience, including Mr. Green has spent more than 30 years in the energy 18 years in the energy industry. Previously, Mr. Schulte was a co-founder and Managing Director of Tortoise Capital Advisors, an investment advisor with \$16 billion under management. and a Managing Director at Kansas City Equity Partners (KCEP). Before joining KCEP, he spent five years as an investment banker at the predecessor of Oppenheimer & Co.



Jeff Fulmer Senior Vice President

Mr. Fulmer is a petroleum engineer and professional geologist with more than 30 years of energy industry experience. Prior to joining CorEnergy, Mr. Fulmer spent six years as a Senior Advisor with Tortoise Capital Advisors, led a post 9/11 critical infrastructure team for the U.S. Department of Defense, and held leadership and technical positions with Statoil Energy, ARCO Oil and Tenneco Oil Exploration and Production.



Rick Kreul President, MoGas, LLC & MoWood, LLC

Mr. Kreul, a mechanical engineer with more than 35 years of energy industry experience, serves as President of CorEnergy's wholly-owned subsidiaries, MoWood, LLC and MoGas Pipeline, LLC. Previously, Mr. Kreul served as Vice President of Energy Delivery for Aquila, Inc., Vice President for Inergy, L.P., and various engineering and management roles with Mobil Oil.



Jeff Teeven Vice President, Finance

Mr. Teeven has more than 20 years of experience in private equity management and mergers and acquisitions in multiple sectors including energy. He served as a founding partner of Consumer Growth Partners, a private equity firm focused on the specialty retail and branded consumer products sectors. as well as 10 years with Kansas City Equity Partners (KCEP).



industry, with 20 years as CEO of Aquila, Inc., an international electric and gas utility business and national energy marketing and trading business. During his tenure, Mr. Green led the strategy and successful business expansion of Aquila, Inc. to a Fortune 30 company.



Nate Poundstone Chief Accounting Officer

Mr. Poundstone has nearly 20 years of experience in the accounting profession. Prior to joining CorEnergy, Mr. Poundstone was Vice President and Chief Accounting officer with CVR Energy, a diversified holding company primarily engaged in the petroleum refining and nitrogen fertilizer manufacturing industries. Prior to CVR Energy, he held various audit and professional practice roles as a senior manager with KPMG LLP.



Becky Sandring Senior Vice President, Secretary & Treasurer

Ms. Sandring has over 20 years of experience in the energy industry. Prior to CorEnergy, Ms. Sandring was a Vice President with The Calvin Group. From 1993-2008, Ms. Sandring held various roles at Aquila Inc., formerly UtiliCorp



Sean DeGon Vice President

Mr. DeGon is a chemical engineer with nearly 20 years of energy industry experience. Prior to joining CorEnergy in 2017, Mr. DeGon was a Director at IHS Markit where he led and participated in well over 100 consulting projects focused on liquid storage terminals, pipelines, refineries, processing facilities and other energy assets, primarily in the U.S. and the rest of the Americas.



CORENERGY

Comparison of technical characteristics of infrastructure vehicles

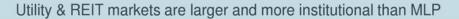
	MLPs	MLP / Closed End Funds	REITs
Investor Tax Form	K-1	Form 1099	Form 1099
Investment Company Friendliness	No	No	Yes
Non-U.S. Investor Friendliness	No	No	Yes
Tax Exempt Owners	No	No Yes	
Shareholders Vote	No	Yes	Yes
Primarily Institutionally Held	No	No	Yes

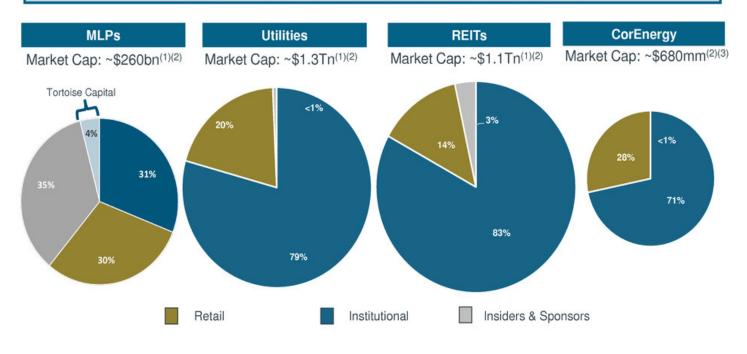
REIT structure provides more attractive access to energy infrastructure than MLP & Fund structures

Institutional, tax exempt and non-U.S. investors desire access to the infrastructure asset class



Differentiated and larger investor audience for REITs than MLPs





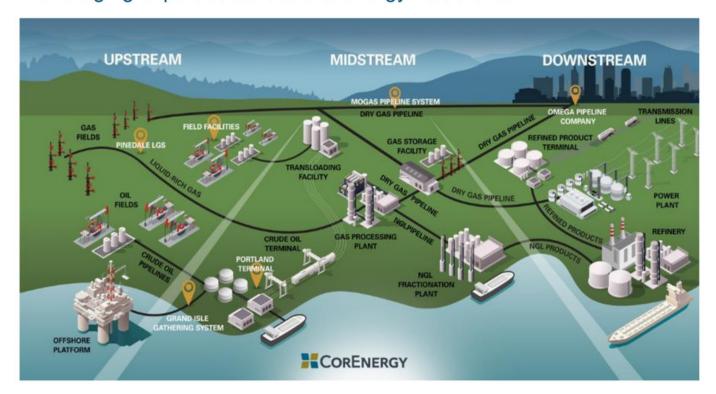
Fidelity Sectors & Industry Overviews, October 31, 2017

(2) Estimated using Bloomberg Shareholder Data

3) Includes perpetual preferred stock and "in the money" convertible bonds



Leveraging expertise across the energy value chain





Portfolio of essential assets

CorEnergy assets critically support our partners in conducting their businesses in the U.S. energy industry

Туре	Asset	Description	Purchase Price	Location
Upstream	Pinedale Liquids Gathering System	Liquids gathering, processing & storage system for condensate & water production	\$228MM	WY
Midstream	Grand Isle Gathering System	Subsea to onshore pipeline & storage terminal for oil & water production	\$245MM	GoM-LA
Midstream	MoGas Pipeline	Interstate natural gas pipeline supplying utilities	\$125MM	MO-IL
Downstream	Omega Pipeline	Natural gas utility supplying end-users at Fort Leonard Wood	\$6MM	MO
Midstream & Downstream	Portland Terminal	Crude oil and petroleum products terminal with barge, rail and truck supply	\$50MM ¹	OR

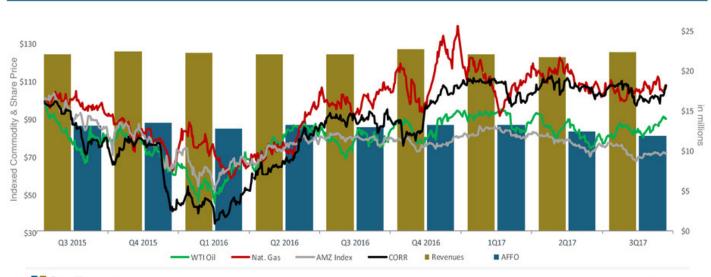
¹⁾ Includes \$40MM purchase price, plus \$10MM in construction costs



Infrastructure provides stable cash flows

- · CorEnergy owns mission critical assets
- Lease payments are "operating" expenses, not "financing" expenses
- · In bankruptcy, real property operating leases are subject to special provisions
- · CORR stock moved with commodity prices; revenue and dividends were stable

Commodity Prices vs. CORR Performance Metrics



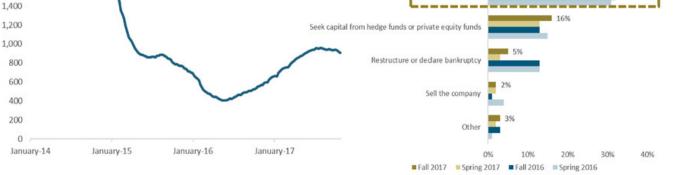
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Increasing opportunities for CorEnergy's pipeline

Oil and gas companies are:

- · pursuing efficient, low cost operations
- · focusing on accessing low cost of capital
- · returning to growth and implementing capex projects...





...Oil and gas companies are willing to sell low-returning infrastructure to fund high-returning growth initiatives

1) Baker Hughes North American Rig Count, October 27, 2017

P) Haynes and Boone, LLP Borrowing Base Redetermination Survey, October 4, 2017



2,000

1,800 1,600

Southwest IDEAS Conference | 10

Which one or two options do you think will be the most

Financial flexibility poises CORR for growth

CorEnergy's capital structure remains conservative, providing financial flexibility to acquire assets

Capital Structure								
(in millions)	September 30, 2017							
Debt								
Secured credit facility ¹	\$17.5							
Unsecured convertible notes, proceeds gross of fees	114.0							
Total debt	\$131.5							
Equity								
Preferred stock	130.0							
Common stock & additional paid in capital	341.7							
Total CORR equity	\$471.7							
Non-controlling interest	\$27.6							
Total capitalization	\$630.8							

Liquidity							
(in millions)	September 30, 2017						
Cash	\$15.5						
Revolver availability	130.5						
Total liquidity	\$146.0						

Total Debt/Total Capitalization of 21% is below 25-50% target ratio

Preferred/Total Equity of 28% is below 33% target ratio

1) Sum of CORR and related party debt



Durable revenues + low leverage = dividend stability

- Lease payments produce predictable cash flows
 - · Assets are critical to tenant revenue production
 - Lease expense is an operating cost (not a financing cost)
 - Lease payments are made during bankruptcy
 - Results in utility-like consistency of revenue for CORR
- · Conservative leverage profile & multiple capital sources
- We believe the \$3.00 annualized dividend is a sustainable payout
 - · Dividend is based solely on minimum rents
 - CorEnergy retains debt repayment and reinvestment capital prior to dividend payment
 - · Upside from portfolio growth and participating rents

Energy REIT provided a new business model in 2012: Investor friendly access to infrastructure assets



Outlook

Active Deal Pipeline

One to Two Acquisitions per Year Size Range of \$50-250 Million

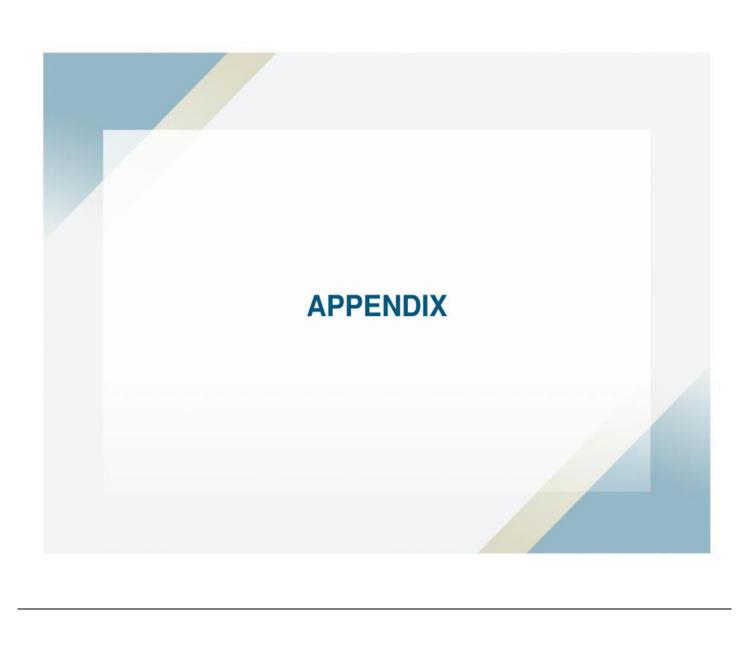
Financing Optionality

- \$146 million of available liquidity¹
- Preferred Equity
- Bank Debt
- Common Equity
- Convertible Debt
- Co-Investors

Long-term Stable & Growing Dividend

1) As of September 30, 2017





Portland Terminal

- 39-acre terminal to receive, store and deliver heavy and refined petroleum products
- 84 tanks with 1.5 million barrels of storage capacity; loading for ships, rail and trucks
- Triple-net operating lease with Arc Terminals; 15-year initial term, 5-year renewals
- \$40 million purchase plus \$10 million CORR financed improvements





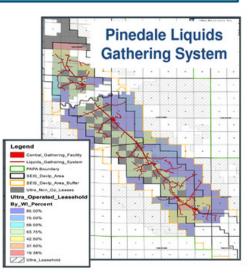




Pinedale Liquids Gathering System

- \$228 million asset, acquired with Prudential as a co-investor
- 150 miles of pipeline, 107 receipt points, 4 above-ground facilities
- Critical to operation of Ultra Petroleum's Pinedale natural gas field
- 15-year triple-net lease; rent \$20 million per year + participating features



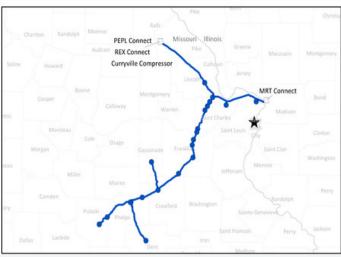




MoGas and Omega Pipelines

- MoGas Interstate Pipeline
 - 263-mile pipeline connecting natural gas supplies to Missouri utilities
 - LDCs Laclede Gas, Ameren Energy, and Omega Pipeline account for vast majority of the revenue through firm transportation contracts
- Omega Pipeline Company
 - Natural gas service provider supplying end-users at Fort Leonard Wood
 - 10 year contract with the Department of Defense
- Both held in taxable subsidiaries; subject to intercompany mortgages



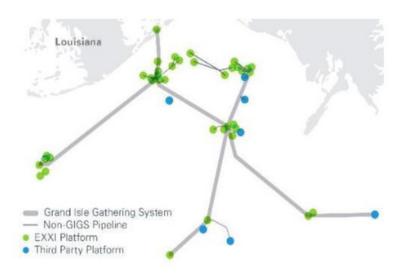


CORENERGY

Grand Isle Gathering System

- ~\$250 million critical midstream infrastructure in the Gulf of Mexico
- 153 miles of undersea pipeline and terminal with separation, SWD and storage facilities
- Essential system to transport crude oil and produced water for large proven reserves
- Triple-net operating lease with Energy XXI subsidiary average minimum rent of ~\$40 million







CORR has pioneered broad access to deep capital markets



- (2) Upsized from \$93 million on July 8, 2015
- (3) Paid off July 28, 2017



Terminal value conviction

		Pinedale LGS	Grand Isle Gathering System	Portland Terminal	MoGas Pipeline	Omega Pipeline						
Asset Ownership Criteria	Long-lived assets, critical to tenant operations	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓						
Asset O	High barriers to entry with strategic locations	✓	✓	✓	✓	√						
	Ass	Assets essential to operators' cash flow support lease renewal expectations										
	Underwriting of terminal value	Life of Field	Life of Field	Market	Market	Market						
tections	Contracts and similar services based on fair value of assets	Asset value based on production estimates of	✓	✓	✓	✓						
Contractual Protections	production estimates of reserve reports / market values		√	√	✓	✓						
ပိ	Leases enable tenant to purchase asset or renew lease at FMV	✓	✓	√								
	Te	enant may not deva	lue CORR's asset, i.	e. construct a repla	cement asset							
Dividend Sustainment	Retain portion of rent payment for reinvestment & debt repayment	✓	✓									
Div	Supports sustainable, long- term dividend	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓						
		CORR targe	ets an AFFO to divid	end coverage ratio	of 1.5x							

CORENERGY

Corporate structure alignment with investors

Corporate Structure **CORENERGY** CORRIDOR Management Agreement Fees Assets Grand Isle Pinedale **Base Fee** Gathering LGS System Incentive Fee MoGas Portland Pipeline Terminal Administration Fee **Pipeline** CORR Expense Metrics vs. Peer Group¹



External Fee Structure

Management Fee

- Services provided:
 - Presents the Company with suitable acquisition opportunities, responsible for the day-to-day operations of the Company and performs such services and activities relating to the assets and operations of the Company as may be appropriate
- Base Fees paid:
 - Quarterly management fee equal to 0.25 percent (1.00 percent annualized) of the value of the Company's Managed Assets3 as of the end of each quarter
- Incentive Fees paid:
 - Quarterly incentive fee of 10 percent of the increase in distributions earned over a threshold distribution equal to \$0.625 per share per quarter. The Management Agreement also requires at least half of any incentive fees to be reinvested in the Company's common

Administrative Fee

- Services provided:
 - Performs (or oversees or arranges for the performance of) the administrative services necessary for our operation, including without limitation providing us with equipment, clerical, bookkeeping and record keeping services
- Fees paid:
 - 0.04 percent of our aggregate average daily Managed Assets, with a minimum annual fee of \$30 thousand
- Peer group consists of REITs included in the RMZ index under \$1BN market cap (excludes STAR, RAS)

1.5%

G&A Expense/Gross Asset Value²

- Gross Asset Value = Asset Value of Investment Properties + Accumulated Depreciation
- "Managed Assets" is defined as Total Assets of CORR minus the initial invested value of non-controlling interests, the value of any hedged derivative assets, any prepaid expenses, all of the accrued liabilities other than deferred taxes and debt entered into for the purposed of leverage

2.5%



\$15 \$10

\$0

FY16 \$5

Non-GAAP Financial Metrics: FFO/AFFO Reconciliation

NAREIT FFO, FFO Adjusted for Securities Investment and AFFO Reconciliation

		For the Three	Mont	hs Ended		For the Nine Months Ended				
	Sept	ember 30, 2017	Sep	tember 30, 2016	Sep	otember 30, 2017	Sep	tember 30, 2016		
Net Income attributable to CorEnergy Stockholders	\$	9,177,284	\$	9,231,185	\$	25,846,934	\$	21,576,833		
Less:										
Preferred Dividend Requirements		2,396,875		1,037,109		5,557,113		3,111,327		
Net Income attributable to Common Stockholders	\$	6,780,409	\$	8,194,076	\$	20,289,821	\$	18,465,506		
Add:										
Depreciation		5,823,777		5,537,179		17,468,456		16,166,599		
Less:										
Non-Controlling Interest attributable to NAREIT FFO reconciling items		411,455		411,455		1,234,365		1,234,365		
NAREIT funds from operations (NAREIT FFO)	\$	12,192,731	\$	13,319,800	\$	36,523,912	\$	33,397,740		
Add:										
Distributions received from investment securities		242,412		278,782		717,791		753,655		
Income tax expense from investment securities		589,125		645,083		703,987		703,211		
Less:										
Net distributions and dividend income		213,040		277,523		477,942		867,265		
Net realized and unrealized gain on other equity securities		1,340,197		1,430,858		1,410,623		1,001,771		
Funds from operations adjusted for securities investments (FFO)	\$	11,471,031	\$	12,535,284	\$	36,057,125	\$	32,985,570		



Non-GAAP Financial Metrics: FFO/AFFO Reconciliation (cont.)

	For the Ti	For the Three Months Ended			For the Nine Months Ended				
	September 30, 2	017	September 30, 2016	September 30, 2017	September 30, 2016				
Add:		700			7 7 7				
Loss on extinguishment of debt	234,	433	_	234,433	_				
Provision for loan losses, net of tax		_	_	_	4,409,359				
Transaction costs	35,	822	33,984	505,873	71,899				
Amortization of debt issuance costs	382,	745	469,004	1,320,487	1,556,607				
Amortization of deferred lease costs	22,	983	22,983	68,949	68,949				
Accretion of asset retirement obligation	170,	904	184,104	492,162	542,561				
Unrealized (gain) loss associated with derivative instruments	29,	808	(60,513)	13,155	(2,818)				
Less:									
Non-cash settlement of accounts payable	50,	000	_	221,609	_				
Income tax benefit	397,	554	161,931	749,287	459,640				
Non-Controlling Interest attributable to AFFO reconciling items	3,	366	(10,715)	10,075	35,153				
Adjusted funds from operations (AFFO)	\$ 11.896.	606	\$ 13.033.630	\$ 37.711.213	\$ 39.137.334				



Non-GAAP Financial Metrics: FFO/AFFO Reconciliation (cont.)

	For the Three Months Ended			For the Nine Months Ended				
	Septem	ber 30, 2017	Septe	ember 30, 2016	Septen	nber 30, 2017	Septe	ember 30, 2016
Weighted Average Shares of Common Stock Outstanding:								
Basic		11,904,933		11,872,729		11,896,803		11,909,431
Diluted		15,359,479		15,327,274		15,351,348		15,379,792
NAREIT FFO attributable to Common Stockholders								
Basic	\$	1.02	\$	1.12	\$	3.07	\$	2.80
Diluted (1)	\$	0.94	\$	1.01	\$	2.81	\$	2.60
FFO attributable to Common Stockholders								
Basic	\$	0.96	\$	1.06	\$	3.03	\$	2.77
Diluted (1)	\$	0.89	\$	0.96	\$	2.78	\$	2.57
AFFO attributable to Common Stockholders								
Basic	\$	1.00	\$	1.10	\$	3.17	\$	3.29
Diluted (2)	s	0.90	\$	0.98	\$	2.85	\$	2.94



Diluted per share calculations include dilutive adjustments for convertible note interest expense, discount amortization and deferred debt issuance amortization.
Diluted per share calculations include a dilutive adjustment for convertible note interest expense.

Non-GAAP Financial Metrics: Fixed-Charges Ratio

Ratio of Earnings to Combine Fixed Charges and Preferred Stock Dividends

For the Nine Months Ended

		ptember 30,				1,				
	A	2017		2016	1000 Va	2015		2014		2013
Earnings:			Т				Т			
Pre-tax income from continuing operations before adjustment										
for income or loss from equity investees	\$	25,163,165	\$	28,561,682	\$	11,782,422	\$	6,973,693		2,967,257
Fixed charges ⁽¹⁾		9,585,270		14,417,839		9,781,184		3,675,122		3,288,378
Amortization of capitalized interest		_		_				_		_
Distributed income of equity investees		477,942		1,140,824		1,270,754		1,836,783		584,814
Pre-tax losses of equity investees for which charges arising from										
guarantees are included in fixed charges										_
Subtract:										
Interest capitalized		_				_		_		_
Preference security dividend requirements of consolidated										
subsidiaries		_		_		_		_		_
Noncontrolling interest in pre-tax income of subsidiaries that have not incurred fixed charges		1000		<u></u>				1		
Earnings	•	35,226,377	Ф	44,120,345	¢.	22,834,360	-	12,485,598	\$	6,840,449
Lamings	-	33,220,377	<u>Φ</u>	44,120,343	_	22,034,300	Ψ	12,400,090	Ψ	0,040,449
Combined Fixed Charges and Preference Dividends:										
Fixed charges ⁽¹⁾	\$	9,585,270	\$	14,417,839	\$	9,781,184	\$	3,675,122		3,288,378
Preferred security dividend ⁽²⁾	W. 1	5,557,113	- 100	4,148,437	- *	3,848,828	- 20	_		_
Combined fixed charges and preference dividends	\$	15,142,383	\$	18,566,276	\$	13,630,012	\$	3,675,122	\$	3,288,378
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges		3.68		3.06		2.33		3.40		2.08
		0.00		0.00		2.00		0.40		2.00
Ratio of earnings to combined fixed charges and preference dividends		2.33		2.38		1.68		3.40		2.08
Fixed charges consist of interest expense, as defined under U.S. generally a In the current year column, this line represents the amount of preferred stock										





