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**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

**FORM 10-Q**

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended August 31, 2007

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

COMMISSION FILE NUMBER: 001-33292

**TORTOISE CAPITAL RESOURCES CORPORATION**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

MARYLAND

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

20-3431375

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

10801 MASTIN BOULEVARD, SUITE 222  
OVERLAND PARK, KANSAS 66210  
(Address of principal executive office) (Zip Code)

(913) 981-1020  
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No .

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check One):

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Non-accelerated filer .

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No .

The number of shares of the issuer's Common Stock, \$0.001 par value, outstanding as of September 30, 2007 was 8,847,237.

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TORTOISE CAPITAL RESOURCES CORPORATION

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**Tortoise Capital Resources Corporation****STATEMENTS OF ASSETS & LIABILITIES**

	<b>August 31, 2007</b>	<b>November 30,</b>
	<i>(Unaudited)</i>	<b>2006</b>
<b>Assets</b>		
Investments at value, non-affiliated (cost \$33,145,714 and \$21,867,831, respectively)	\$ 39,179,233	\$ 22,196,689
Investments at value, affiliated (cost \$91,633,045 and \$14,828,825, respectively)	93,648,840	14,828,825
Investments at value, control (cost \$20,713,593 and \$5,550,000, respectively)	<u>21,503,255</u>	<u>5,550,000</u>
Total investments (cost \$145,492,352 and \$42,246,656, respectively)	154,331,328	42,575,514
Distribution receivable from affiliated investment	66,667	-
Interest receivable from control investments	143,277	43,983
Other receivable from affiliate	-	44,487
Dividends receivable	1,849	24,262
Prepaid expenses and other assets	<u>138,297</u>	<u>244,766</u>
Total assets	<u>154,681,418</u>	<u>42,933,012</u>
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Management fees payable to Adviser	517,455	112,765
Accrued capital gain incentive fees payable to Adviser (Note 4)	1,325,846	-
Payable for investments purchased	3,836,237	-
Dividend payable on common shares	1,591,484	-
Short-term borrowings	22,500,000	-
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	378,947	155,303
Current tax liability	-	86,386
Deferred tax liability	<u>2,747,064</u>	<u>250,156</u>
Total liabilities	<u>32,897,033</u>	<u>604,610</u>
Net assets applicable to common stockholders	<u>\$ 121,784,385</u>	<u>\$ 42,328,402</u>
<b>Net Assets Applicable to Common Stockholders Consist of</b>		
Warrants, no par value; 945,774 issued and outstanding at August 31, 2007 and 772,124 issued and outstanding at November 30, 2006 (5,000,000 authorized)	\$ 1,370,957	\$ 1,104,137
Capital stock, \$0.001 par value; 8,842,330 shares issued and outstanding at August 31, 2007 and 3,088,596 issued and outstanding at November 30, 2006 (100,000,000 shares authorized)	8,842	3,089
Additional paid-in capital	117,043,347	41,018,413
Accumulated net investment loss, net of deferred tax benefit	(2,126,300)	-
Accumulated realized gain (loss), net of deferred tax expense	7,595	(906)
Net unrealized appreciation of investments, net of deferred tax expense	<u>5,479,944</u>	<u>203,669</u>
Net assets applicable to common stockholders	<u>\$ 121,784,385</u>	<u>\$ 42,328,402</u>
Net Asset Value per common share outstanding (net assets applicable to common shares, divided by common shares outstanding)	<u>\$ 13.77</u>	<u>\$ 13.70</u>

*See Accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements*

**Tortoise Capital Resources Corporation****SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS**

August 31, 2007

(Unaudited)

<b>Company</b>	<b>Energy Infrastructure Segment</b>	<b>Type of Investment</b>	<b>Cost</b>	<b>Value</b>
<b>Control Investments <sup>(1)</sup></b>				
Mowood, LLC	Downstream	Equity Interest (100%) <sup>(2)</sup>	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 1,590,786
		Subordinated Debt (12% Due 7/1/2016) <sup>(2)</sup>	7,050,000	7,050,000
VantaCore Partners LP	Aggregate	Common Units (425,000) <sup>(2)</sup>	8,413,593	9,112,469
		Subordinated Debt (10.90% Due 5/21/2014) <sup>(2) (3)</sup>	3,750,000	3,750,000
		Incentive Distribution Rights (789 units) <sup>(2) (6)</sup>	-	-
<b>Total Control Investments - 17.7% <sup>(4)</sup></b>			<b>20,713,593</b>	<b>21,503,255</b>
<b>Affiliated Investments <sup>(5)</sup></b>				
High Sierra Energy, LP	Midstream	Common Units (999,614) <sup>(2)</sup>	24,054,618	27,279,466
International Resource Partners LP	Coal	Common Units (500,000) <sup>(2)</sup>	9,960,000	10,000,000
LONESTAR Midstream Partners, LP	Midstream	Common Units (1,169,776) <sup>(2) (6)</sup>	23,395,520	23,395,520
		Incentive Distribution Rights (180 units) <sup>(2) (7)</sup>	549,142	549,142
LSMP GP, LP	Midstream	Common Units (945,946) <sup>(2)</sup>	16,857,315	15,836,890
Quest Midstream Partners, L.P.	Midstream	Class A Common Units (875,000) <sup>(2)</sup>	16,797,880	16,587,822
Millennium Midstream Partners, LP	Midstream	Incentive Distribution Rights (78 units) <sup>(2) (7)</sup>	18,570	-
<b>Total Affiliated Investments -76.9% <sup>(4)</sup></b>			<b>91,633,045</b>	<b>93,648,840</b>
<b>Non-affiliated Investments</b>				
Abraxas Energy Partners, L.P.	Upstream	Common Units (450,181) <sup>(2)</sup>	7,438,430	7,500,015
Eagle Rock Energy Partners, L.P.	Midstream	Common Units (659,071)	11,125,106	14,453,427
	Upstream		7,456,512	7,499,555
EV Energy Partners, L.P.		Common Units (217,391) <sup>(2)</sup>		
Legacy Reserves LP	Upstream	Limited Partner Units (264,705)	3,973,539	6,143,803
High Sierra Energy GP, LLC	Midstream	Equity Interest (2.37%) <sup>(2)</sup>	2,416,814	2,847,120
First American Government Obligations Fund	Short-term investment	Class Y	735,313	735,313
<b>Total Non-affiliated Investments - 32.1% <sup>(4)</sup></b>			<b>33,145,714</b>	<b>39,179,233</b>
<b>Total Investments - 126.7% <sup>(4)</sup></b>			<b>\$ 145,492,352</b>	<b>\$ 154,331,328</b>

(1) Control investments are generally defined under the Investment Company Act of 1940 as companies in which at least 25% of the voting securities are owned; see Note 7 to the financial statements for further disclosure.

(2) Fair valued securities have a total value of \$132,998,785, which represents 109.2% of net assets applicable to common stockholders. These securities are deemed to be restricted; see Note 6 to the financial statements for further disclosure.

(3) Security is a variable rate instrument. Interest rate is as of August 31, 2007.

(4) Calculated as a percentage of net assets applicable to common stockholders.

(5) Affiliated investments are generally defined under the Investment Company Act of 1940 as companies in which at least 5% of the voting securities are owned. Affiliated investments in which at least 25% of the voting securities are owned are generally defined as control investments as described in footnote 1; see Note 7 to the financial statements for further disclosure.

(6) Distributions are paid in kind.

(7) Currently non-income producing.

See Accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements

**Tortoise Capital Resources Corporation****SCHEDULES OF INVESTMENTS**

November 30, 2006

<b>Company</b>	<b>Energy Infrastructure Segment</b>	<b>Type of Investment</b>	<b>Cost</b>	<b>Value</b>
<b>Control Investments <sup>(1)</sup></b>				
Mowood, LLC	Downstream	Equity Interest (100%) <sup>(2)</sup> Subordinated Debt (12% Due 7/1/2016) <sup>(2)</sup>	\$ 1,000,000  4,550,000	\$ 1,000,000  4,550,000
<b>Total Control Investments - 13.2% <sup>(3)</sup></b>			<b>5,550,000</b>	<b>5,550,000</b>
<b>Affiliated Investments <sup>(4)</sup></b>				
High Sierra Energy, LP	Midstream	Common Units (633,179) <sup>(2)</sup>	14,828,825	14,828,825
<b>Total Affiliated Investments - 35.0% <sup>(3)</sup></b>			<b>14,828,825</b>	<b>14,828,825</b>
<b>Non-affiliated Investments</b>				
Eagle Rock Energy Partners, L.P.	Midstream	Common Units (474,071) <sup>(2)</sup>	8,449,785	8,533,278
Eagle Rock Energy Partners, L.P.	Midstream	Common Units (185,000)	3,515,000	3,494,650
Legacy Reserves LP	Upstream	Limited Partner Units (264,705) <sup>(2)</sup>	4,300,446	4,566,161
High Sierra Energy GP, L.L.C.	Midstream	Options (3%) <sup>(2)</sup> <sup>(5)</sup>	171,186	171,186
First American Prime Obligations Money Market Fund	Short-term investment	Class Y	5,431,414	5,431,414
<b>Total Non-affiliated Investments - 52.4% <sup>(3)</sup></b>			<b>21,867,831</b>	<b>22,196,689</b>
<b>Total Investments - 100.6% <sup>(3)</sup></b>			<b>\$ 42,246,656</b>	<b>\$ 42,575,514</b>

(1) Control investments are generally defined under the Investment Company Act of 1940 as companies in which at least 25% of the voting securities are owned; see Note 7 to the financial statements for further disclosure.

(2) Fair valued securities have a total value of \$33,649,450, which represents 79.5% of net assets applicable to common stockholders. These securities are deemed to be restricted; see Note 6 to the financial statements for further disclosure.

(3) Calculated as a percentage of net assets applicable to common stockholders.

(4) Affiliated investments are generally defined under the Investment Company Act of 1940 as companies in which at least 5% of the voting securities are owned. Affiliated investments in which at least 25% of the voting securities are owned are generally defined as control investments as described in footnote 1; see Note 7 to the financial statements for further disclosure.

(5) The Company has an option to purchase a 3% Membership Interest (fully diluted) in High Sierra Energy GP, LLC at an exercise price of \$2,250,000. The option may be exercised any time prior to May 2, 2007.

*See Accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements*

**Tortoise Capital Resources Corporation**  
**STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (Unaudited)**

	<u>For the three months ended August 31, 2007</u>	<u>For the three months ended August 31, 2006</u>	<u>For the nine months ended August 31, 2007</u>	<u>Period from December 8, 2005 <sup>(1)</sup> through August 31, 2006</u>
<b>Investment Income</b>				
Distributions received from investments				
Non-affiliated investments	\$ 532,992	\$ 350,993	\$ 1,228,864	\$ 350,993
Affiliated investments	1,328,533	-	2,661,815	-
Control investments	148,080	-	148,080	-
Total distributions received from investments	2,009,605	350,993	4,038,759	350,993
Less return of capital on distributions				
Non-affiliated investments	(400,584)	(297,054)	(1,289,732)	(297,054)
Affiliated investments	(1,065,404)	-	(2,140,454)	-
Control investments	(86,407)	-	(86,407)	-
Net distributions from investments	457,210	53,939	522,166	53,939
Dividends from money market mutual funds	38,726	263,085	620,385	1,014,086
Interest income from control investments	306,738	131,100	597,614	131,100
<b>Total Investment Income</b>	<b>802,674</b>	<b>448,124</b>	<b>1,740,165</b>	<b>1,199,125</b>
<b>Expenses</b>				
Base management fees	512,894	163,364	1,360,973	469,527
Capital gain incentive fees (Note 4)	(170,648)	-	1,325,846	-
Professional fees	187,014	61,701	401,862	145,298
Directors' fees	25,205	12,929	73,578	56,672
Administrator fees	24,193	-	54,929	-
Reports to stockholders	10,083	-	26,388	15,810
Fund accounting fees	9,294	6,599	23,571	19,008
Stock transfer agent fees	3,180	3,680	10,460	13,689
Custodian fees and expenses	3,044	1,615	8,189	5,053
Registration fees	14,686	-	22,749	-
Other expenses	16,944	486	34,936	11,335
<b>Total Expenses before Interest Expense, Preferred Stock Dividends and Loss on Redemption of Preferred Stock</b>	<b>635,889</b>	<b>250,374</b>	<b>3,343,481</b>	<b>736,392</b>
Interest expense	229,692	-	347,402	-
Preferred stock dividends	-	-	228,750	-
Loss on redemption of preferred stock	-	-	731,713	-
<b>Total Interest Expense, Preferred Stock Dividends and Loss on Redemption of Preferred Stock</b>	<b>229,692</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,307,865</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Total Expenses</b>	<b>865,581</b>	<b>250,374</b>	<b>4,651,346</b>	<b>736,392</b>
<b>Net Investment Income (Loss), before Income Taxes</b>	<b>(62,907)</b>	<b>197,750</b>	<b>(2,911,181)</b>	<b>462,733</b>
Current tax benefit (expense)	42,732	(59,732)	42,732	(155,687)
Deferred tax benefit (expense)	(5,109)	11,904	742,149	11,904
Total tax benefit (expense)	37,623	(47,828)	784,881	(143,783)
<b>Net Investment Income (Loss)</b>	<b>(25,284)</b>	<b>149,922</b>	<b>(2,126,300)</b>	<b>318,950</b>
<b>Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments</b>				
Net realized gain on investments, before deferred tax expense	-	-	13,712	-
Deferred tax expense	-	-	(5,211)	-
Net Realized Gain on Investments	-	-	8,501	-
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of non-affiliated investments	(1,821,769)	297,054	5,686,094	297,054
Net unrealized appreciation of affiliated investments	68,414	-	2,034,365	-
Net unrealized appreciation of control investments	615,708	-	789,662	-
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation), before deferred taxes	(1,137,647)	297,054	8,510,121	297,054
Deferred tax benefit (expense)	432,306	(115,851)	(3,233,846)	(115,851)
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments	(705,341)	181,203	5,276,275	181,203
<b>Net Realized and Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Investments</b>	<b>(705,341)</b>	<b>181,203</b>	<b>5,284,776</b>	<b>181,203</b>
<b>Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Applicable to Common Stockholders</b>				
<b>Resulting from Operations</b>	<b>\$ (730,625)</b>	<b>\$ 331,125</b>	<b>\$ 3,158,476</b>	<b>\$ 500,153</b>
Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Applicable to Common Stockholders				
Resulting from Operations Per Common Share				
Basic and diluted	\$ (0.08)	\$ 0.11	\$ 0.43	\$ 0.16
Weighted Average Shares of Common Stock Outstanding:				
Basic and diluted	8,840,487	3,088,596	7,387,780	3,088,596

<sup>(1)</sup> Commencement of Operations.

See Accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements



**Tortoise Capital Resources Corporation****STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS**

	<b>For the nine months ended</b>	<b>Period from December 8, 2005 <sup>(1)</sup> through</b>	<b>Period from December 8, 2005 <sup>(1)</sup> through November 30, 2006</b>
	<b>August 31, 2007</b>	<b>August 31, 2006</b>	<b>2006</b>
	<i>(Unaudited)</i>	<i>(Unaudited)</i>	
<b>Operations</b>			
Net investment income (loss)	\$ (2,126,300)	\$ 318,950	\$ 733,276
Net realized gain (loss) on investments	8,501	-	(906)
Net unrealized appreciation on investments	5,276,275	181,203	203,669
Net increase in net assets applicable to common stockholders resulting from operations	<u>3,158,476</u>	<u>500,153</u>	<u>936,039</u>
<b>Dividends and Distributions to Common Stockholders</b>			
Net investment income	-	(224,893)	(639,220)
Return of capital	(3,314,379)	(207,511)	(410,903)
Total dividends and distributions to common stockholders	<u>(3,314,379)</u>	<u>(432,404)</u>	<u>(1,050,123)</u>
<b>Capital Share Transactions</b>			
Proceeds from private offerings of 3,066,667 common shares	-	44,895,868	44,895,868
Proceeds from issuances of 772,124 warrants	-	1,104,137	1,104,137
Proceeds from initial public offering of 5,740,000 common shares	86,100,000	-	-
Proceeds from issuance of 185,000 warrants	283,050	-	-
Proceeds from exercise of 11,350 warrants	170,250	-	-
Underwriting discounts and offering expenses associated with the issuance of common shares	(6,983,951)	(3,769,372)	(3,769,373)
Issuance of 2,384 common shares from reinvestment of dividend distributions to stockholders	42,537	-	-
Net increase in net assets, applicable to common stockholders, from capital share transactions	<u>79,611,886</u>	<u>42,230,633</u>	<u>42,230,632</u>
Total increase in net assets applicable to common stockholders	<u>79,455,983</u>	<u>42,298,382</u>	<u>42,116,548</u>
<b>Net Assets</b>			
Beginning of period	42,328,402	211,854	211,854
End of period	<u>\$ 121,784,385</u>	<u>\$ 42,510,236</u>	<u>\$ 42,328,402</u>
Accumulated net investment income (loss) net of deferred tax expense (benefit), at end of period	<u>\$ (2,126,300)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

<sup>(1)</sup> Commencement of Operations.*See Accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements*



**Tortoise Capital Resources Corporation**  
**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)**

	<b>For the nine months ended August 31, 2007</b>	<b>Period from December 8, 2005 <sup>(1)</sup> through August 31, 2006</b>
<b>Cash Flows From Operating Activities</b>		
Distributions received from investments	\$ 3,972,092	\$ 350,993
Interest and dividend income received	1,141,118	1,009,772
Purchases of long-term investments	(107,608,442)	(23,549,991)
Proceeds from sales of long-term investments	-	1,000,000
Proceeds (purchases) of short-term investments, net	4,696,101	(20,649,152)
Interest expense paid	(193,127)	-
Preferred stock dividends	(228,750)	-
Current tax expense paid	(19,362)	-
Operating expenses paid	(1,634,910)	(698,165)
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(99,875,280)</u>	<u>(42,536,543)</u>
<b>Cash Flows from Financing Activities</b>		
Issuance of common stock (including warrant exercises)	86,270,250	46,000,005
Common stock issuance costs	(6,765,958)	(3,769,372)
Issuance of preferred stock	18,216,950	-
Redemption of preferred stock	(18,870,000)	-
Preferred stock issuance costs	(78,654)	-
Issuance of warrants	283,050	-
Advances from revolving line of credit	36,500,000	-
Repayments on revolving line of credit	(14,000,000)	-
Dividends paid to common stockholders	(1,680,358)	-
Net cash provided by financing activities	<u>99,875,280</u>	<u>42,230,633</u>
Net decrease in cash	-	(305,910)
Cash--beginning of period	-	305,910
Cash--end of period	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
<b>Reconciliation of net increase in net assets applicable to common stockholders resulting from operations to net cash used in operating activities</b>		
Net increase in net assets applicable to common stockholders resulting from operations	\$ 3,158,476	\$ 500,153
Adjustments to reconcile net increase in net assets applicable to common stockholders resulting from operations to net cash used in operating activities		
Purchases of long-term investments	(111,444,679)	(23,549,991)
Return of capital on distributions received	3,516,593	297,054
Proceeds from sales of long-term investments	-	1,000,000
Proceeds (purchases) of short-term investments, net	4,696,101	(20,649,152)
Accrued capital gain incentive fees payable to Adviser	1,325,846	-
Deferred income tax expense	2,496,908	103,947
Realized gains on investments	(13,712)	-
Amortization of issuance costs	2,110	-
Loss on redemption of preferred stock	731,713	-
Net unrealized appreciation of investments	(8,510,121)	(297,054)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Increase in interest, dividend and distribution receivable	(143,548)	(135,414)
Increase in prepaid expenses and other assets	(22,997)	(98,156)
Increase (decrease) in current tax liability	(86,386)	155,687
Increase in management fees payable to Adviser	404,690	108,987
Increase in payable for investments purchased	3,836,237	-
Increase in accrued expenses and other liabilities	177,489	27,396
Total adjustments	<u>(103,033,756)</u>	<u>(43,036,696)</u>
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>\$ (99,875,280)</u>	<u>\$ (42,536,543)</u>
<b>Non-Cash Financing Activities</b>		
Reinvestment of distributions by common stockholders in additional common shares	<u>\$ 42,537</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

<sup>(1)</sup> Commencement of Operations.

*See Accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements*

**Tortoise Capital Resources Corporation**  
**FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

	<b>For the nine months ended</b>	<b>Period from December 8, 2005 <sup>(1)</sup> through</b>	<b>Period from December 8, 2005 <sup>(1)</sup> through November 30, 2006</b>
	<b>August 31, 2007</b>	<b>August 31, 2006</b>	
	<i>(Unaudited)</i>	<i>(Unaudited)</i>	
<b>Per Common Share Data <sup>(2)</sup></b>			
Net Asset Value, beginning of period	\$ 13.70	\$ -	\$ -
Initial offering price	-	15.00	15.00
Premium less underwriting discounts and offering costs on initial public offering of common shares <sup>(3)</sup>	0.01	-	-
Underwriting discounts and offering costs on issuance of common shares	-	(1.22)	(1.22)
Income from Investment Operations:			
Net investment income (loss) <sup>(4)</sup>	(0.24)	0.07	0.21
Net realized and unrealized gain on investments <sup>(4)</sup>	0.74	0.05	0.05
Total increase from investment operations	0.50	0.12	0.26
Less Dividends and Distributions to Common Stockholders:			
Net investment income	-	(0.07)	(0.21)
Return of capital	(0.44)	(0.07)	(0.13)
Total dividends and distributions to common stockholders	(0.44)	(0.14)	(0.34)
Net Asset Value, end of period	\$ 13.77	\$ 13.76	\$ 13.70
Per common share market value, end of period <sup>(5)</sup>	\$ 14.45	N/A	N/A
Total Investment Return, including capital gain incentive fees, based on net asset value <sup>(6)</sup>	3.38%	(7.33)%	(6.39)%
Total Investment Return, excluding capital gain incentive fees, based on net asset value <sup>(6)</sup>	4.51%	(7.33)%	(6.39)%
Total Investment Return, based on market value <sup>(7)</sup>	(1.62)%	N/A	N/A
<b>Supplemental Data and Ratios</b>			
Net assets applicable to common stockholders, end of period (000's)	\$ 121,784	\$ 42,510	\$ 42,328
Ratio of expenses (including current and deferred income tax expense and capital gain incentive fees) to average net assets: <sup>(8)</sup> <sup>(9)</sup> <sup>(10)</sup>	9.16%	3.24%	3.64%
Ratio of expenses (excluding current and deferred income tax expense) to average net assets: <sup>(8)</sup> <sup>(11)</sup>	6.00%	2.39%	2.40%
Ratio of expenses (excluding current and deferred income tax expense and capital gain incentive fees) to average net assets: <sup>(8)</sup> <sup>(11)</sup> <sup>(12)</sup>	4.29%	2.39%	2.40%
Ratio of net investment income (loss) to average net assets before current and deferred income tax expense and capital gain incentive fees: <sup>(8)</sup> <sup>(11)</sup> <sup>(12)</sup>	(2.04)%	1.50%	2.71%
Ratio of net investment income (loss) to average net assets before current and deferred income tax expense: <sup>(8)</sup> <sup>(10)</sup> <sup>(11)</sup>	(3.75)%	1.50%	2.71%
Ratio of net investment income (loss) to average net assets after current and deferred income tax expense and capital gain incentive fees: <sup>(8)</sup> <sup>(9)</sup> <sup>(10)</sup>	(6.91)%	6.50%	1.47%
Portfolio turnover rate <sup>(8)</sup> <sup>(13)</sup>	0.00%	6.38%	9.51%

<sup>(1)</sup> Commencement of Operations.

<sup>(2)</sup> Information presented relates to a share of common stock outstanding for the entire period.

<sup>(3)</sup> Represents the premium on the initial public offering of \$1.17 per share, less the underwriting discounts and offering costs of \$1.16 per share.

<sup>(4)</sup> The per common share data for the period from December 8, 2005 through August 31, 2006 and the period from December 8, 2005 through November 30, 2006 do not reflect the change in estimate of investment income and return of capital for the respective period. See Note 2D to the financial statements for further disclosure.

<sup>(5)</sup> Per common share market value for the period from December 8, 2005 through August 31, 2006 and the period from December 8, 2005 through November 30, 2006 not applicable as shares were not publicly traded.

<sup>(6)</sup> Not annualized for periods less than a year. Total investment return is calculated assuming a purchase of common stock at the initial offering price, reinvestment of dividends at actual prices pursuant to the Company's dividend reinvestment plan or net asset value, as applicable, and a sale at net asset value, end of period.

Total investment return does not reflect brokerage commissions.

<sup>(7)</sup> Not annualized for periods less than a year. Total investment return is calculated assuming a purchase of common stock at the initial public offering price, reinvestment of dividends at actual prices pursuant to the Company's dividend reinvestment plan or market value, as applicable, and a sale at the current market price on the last day of the period reported (excluding brokerage commissions). Total investment return on a market value basis is shown for the period from February 7, 2007 (the Company's initial public offering) through August 31, 2007. Total investment return does not reflect brokerage commissions.

<sup>(8)</sup> Annualized for periods less than one full year.

<sup>(9)</sup> For the nine months ended August 31, 2007, the Company accrued \$42,732 in current income tax benefit and \$2,496,908 in deferred income tax expense.

For the period from December 8, 2005 through August 31, 2006, the Company accrued \$155,687 in current income tax expense, and \$103,947 in net deferred income tax expense.

For the period from December 8, 2005 through November 30, 2006, the Company accrued \$265,899 in current income tax expense, and \$250,156 in net deferred income tax expense.

<sup>(10)</sup> For the nine months ended August 31, 2007, the Company accrued \$1,325,846 in capital gain incentive fees. There were no capital gain incentive fees accrued for the period from

December 8, 2005 through August 31, 2006 or the period from December 8, 2005 through November 30, 2006.

<sup>(11)</sup> The ratio excludes the impact of current and deferred income taxes.

<sup>(12)</sup> The ratio excludes the impact of capital gain incentive fees.

<sup>(13)</sup> There were no sales during the nine months ended August 31, 2007. The recognition of realized gains was related to a reclassification of the amount of investment income and return of capital recognized based on the 2006 tax reporting information received from portfolio companies.

See Note 2D to the financial statements for further disclosure.

*See Accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements*

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**TORTOISE CAPITAL RESOURCES CORPORATION**  
**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**AUGUST 31, 2007**  
**(UNAUDITED)**

**1. Organization**

Tortoise Capital Resources Corporation (the "Company") was organized as a Maryland corporation on September 8, 2005, and is a non-diversified closed-end management investment company focused on the U.S. energy infrastructure sector. The Company invests primarily in privately held and micro-cap public companies operating in the midstream and downstream segments, and to a lesser extent the upstream segment. The Company has elected to be regulated as a business development company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"). The Company is externally managed by Tortoise Capital Advisors, L.L.C., an investment advisor specializing in the energy sector. The Company's shares are listed on the New York Stock Exchange under the symbol "TTO".

**2. Significant Accounting Policies**

*A. Use of Estimates*— The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, recognition of distribution income and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

*B. Investment Valuation*— The Company invests primarily in illiquid securities including debt and equity securities of privately-held companies. The investments generally are subject to restrictions on resale, have no established trading market and are fair valued on a quarterly basis. Fair value is intended to be the amount for which an investment could be exchanged in an orderly disposition over a reasonable period of time between willing parties other than in a forced liquidation or sale. Because of the inherent uncertainty of valuation, the fair values of such investments, which are determined in accordance with procedures approved by the Company's Board of Directors, may differ materially from the values that would have been used had a ready market existed for the investments. The Company's Board of Directors may consider other methods of valuing investments as appropriate and in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The Board of Directors are ultimately and solely responsible for determining the fair value of the investments in good faith.

The process for determining the fair value of a security of a private investment begins with determining the enterprise value of the company that issued the security. The fair value of the investment is based on the enterprise value at which a company could be sold in an orderly disposition over a reasonable period of time between willing parties. There is no one methodology to determine enterprise value and for any one company, enterprise value may best be expressed as a range of fair values, from which a single estimate of enterprise value will be derived.

If the portfolio company has an adequate enterprise value to support the repayment of its debt, the fair value of the Company's loan or debt security normally corresponds to cost unless the portfolio company's condition or other factors lead to a determination of fair value at a different amount. When receiving nominal cost warrants or free equity securities ("nominal cost equity"), the Company allocates the cost basis in the investment between debt securities and nominal cost equity at the time of origination. At that time, the original issue discount basis of the nominal cost equity is recorded by increasing the cost basis in the equity and decreasing the cost basis in the related debt securities. The fair value of equity interests in portfolio companies is determined based on various factors, including the enterprise value remaining for equity holders after repayment of debt and other preference capital, and other pertinent factors such as recent offers to purchase a company, recent transactions involving the purchase or sale of equity securities, or other liquidation events. The determined equity values are generally discounted when holding a minority position, when restrictions on resale are present, when there are specific concerns about the receptivity of the capital markets to a specific company at a certain time, or when other factors are present.

For freely tradable equity securities that are listed on a securities exchange, the Company values those securities at the closing price on that exchange on the valuation date. If the security is listed on more than one exchange, the Company uses the price of the exchange that it generally considers to be the principal exchange on which the security is traded. Securities listed on the NASDAQ will be valued at the NASDAQ Official Closing Price, which may not necessarily represent the last sale price. If there has been no sale on such exchange or NASDAQ on such day, the security is valued at the mean between bid and asked price on such day.

*C. Interest and Fee Income*— Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis to the extent that such amounts are expected to be collected. When investing in instruments with an original issue discount or payment-in-kind interest, the Company will accrue interest income during the life of the investment, even though the Company will not necessarily be receiving cash as the interest is accrued. Fee income will include fees, if any, for due diligence, structuring, commitment and facility fees, transaction services, consulting services and management services rendered to portfolio companies and other third parties. Commitment and facility fees generally are recognized as income over the life of the underlying loan, whereas due diligence, structuring, transaction service, consulting and management service fees generally are recognized as income when services are rendered. For the three and nine-month periods ended August 31, 2007, the Company received no fee income.

*D. Security Transactions and Investment Income*— Security transactions are accounted for on the date the securities are purchased or sold (trade date). Realized gains and losses are reported on an identified cost basis. Distributions received from the Company's investments in limited partnerships and limited liability companies generally are comprised of ordinary income, capital gains and return of capital. The Company records investment income and return of capital based on estimates made at the time such distributions are received. Such estimates are based on information available from each company and/or other industry sources. These estimates may subsequently be revised based on information received from the entity after their tax reporting periods are concluded, as the actual character of these distributions are not known until after the fiscal year-end of the Company.

For the period from December 8, 2005 (Commencement of Operations) through November 30, 2006, the Company estimated the allocation of investment income and return of capital for the distributions received from its portfolio companies within the Statement of Operations. For this period, the Company had estimated approximately 8 percent as investment income and approximately 92 percent as return of capital.

During the nine-month period ended August 31, 2007, the Company reclassified the amount of investment income and return of capital it recognized based on the 2006 tax reporting information received from the individual portfolio companies. This reclassification amounted to a decrease in pre-tax net investment income of approximately \$314,000 or \$0.04 per share (\$195,000 or \$0.02 per share, net of deferred tax benefit), an increase in unrealized appreciation of investments of approximately \$300,000 or \$0.03 per share (\$186,000 or \$0.02 per share, net of deferred tax expense) and an increase in realized gains of approximately \$14,000 or \$0.002 per share (\$9,000 or \$0.001 per share, net of deferred tax expense) for the period from December 8, 2005 (Commencement of Operations) through November 30, 2006. The reclassification is reflected in the accompanying Statements of Operations for the nine-month period ended August 31, 2007.

*E. Dividends to Stockholders*—The amount of any quarterly dividends will be determined by the Board of Directors. Distributions to stockholders are recorded on the ex-dividend date. The character of distributions made during the year may differ from their ultimate characterization for federal income tax purposes. For the nine-month period ended August 31, 2007, the Company's dividends, for book purposes, were comprised entirely of return of capital. For the year ended November 30, 2006, the Company's dividends, for book purposes were comprised of 61 percent investment income and 39 percent return of capital, and for tax purposes were comprised of 42 percent investment income and 58 percent return of capital. Had the information from the 2006 tax reporting information received from the individual portfolio companies as described in the paragraph above been obtained prior to November 30, 2006, the Company's dividends, for book purposes, would have been comprised of 31 percent investment income and 69 percent return of capital. The tax character of dividends paid for the year ended November 30, 2007 will be determined subsequent to year-end.

*F. Federal and State Income Taxation*— The Company, as a corporation, is obligated to pay federal and state income tax on its taxable income. Currently, the maximum marginal regular federal income tax rate for a corporation is 35 percent; however, the Company anticipates a marginal effective tax rate of 34 percent due to expectations of the level of taxable income relative to the federal graduated tax rates, including the tax rate anticipated when temporary differences reverse. The Company may be subject to a 20 percent federal alternative minimum tax on its federal alternative minimum taxable income to the extent that its alternative minimum tax exceeds its regular federal income tax.

The Company invests its assets primarily in limited partnerships (L.P.s) or limited liability companies (LLCs), which are treated as partnerships for federal and state income tax purposes. As a limited partner, the Company reports its allocable share of taxable income in computing its own taxable income. The Company's tax expense or benefit will be included in the Statement of Operations based on the component of income or gains (losses) to which such expense or benefit relates. Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes.

G. *Organization Expenses and Offering Costs* - The Company is responsible for paying all organization and offering expenses. Offering costs paid by the Company were charged as a reduction of paid-in capital at the completion of the Company's initial public offering, and amounted to \$889,050 (excluding underwriter commissions). Organizational expenses in the amount of \$88,906 were expensed prior to the commencement of operations.

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H. *Indemnifications* - Under the Company's organizational documents, its officers and directors are indemnified against certain liabilities arising out of the performance of their duties to the Company. In addition, in the normal course of business, the Company may enter into contracts that provide general indemnification to other parties. The Company's maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown as this would involve future claims that may be made against the Company that have not yet occurred, and may not occur. However, the Company has not had prior claims or losses pursuant to these contracts and expects the risk of loss to be remote.

I. *Warrants* - The Statement of Assets and Liabilities as of November 30, 2006 reflects a revision to the warrants and additional paid-in capital accounts. After further evaluation of the underlying assumptions and characteristics of the warrants, it was determined that \$1,104,137 should be attributed to the value of the warrants and additional paid-in capital reduced by the same amount. This revision has no impact on net assets applicable to common stockholders or net asset value per common share outstanding.

J. *Recent Accounting Pronouncements*- In July 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Interpretation No. 48, "Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes" (FIN 48). FIN 48 provides guidance for how uncertain tax positions should be recognized, measured, presented and disclosed in the financial statements. FIN 48 requires the evaluation of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in the course of preparing the Company's tax returns to determine whether the tax positions are "more-likely-than-not" of being sustained by the applicable tax authority. FIN 48 is effective as of the beginning of the first fiscal year beginning after December 15, 2006. At adoption, companies must adjust their financial statements to reflect only those tax positions that are more-likely-than-not to be sustained as of the adoption date. At this time, the Company is evaluating the implications of FIN 48 and its impact on the financial statements has not yet been determined.

In September 2006, FASB issued Statement on Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements." This standard establishes a single authoritative definition of fair value, sets out a framework for measuring fair value, and requires additional disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS No. 157 applies to fair value measurements already required or permitted by existing standards. SFAS No. 157 is effective for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007 and interim periods within those fiscal years. SFAS No. 157 is effective for the Company in the year beginning December 1, 2007. The changes to current U.S. generally accepted accounting principles from the application of this statement relate to the definition of fair value, the methods used to measure fair value, and the expanded disclosures about fair value measurements. The Company has recently begun to evaluate the application of the statement, and is not in a position at this time to evaluate the significance of its impact, if any, on the Company's financial statements.

### 3. Concentration of Risk

The Company's goal is to provide stockholders with a high level of total return with an emphasis on dividends and dividend growth. The Company invests primarily in privately-held and micro-cap public companies focused on the midstream and downstream segments, and to a lesser extent the upstream segment of the U.S. energy infrastructure sector. The Company may, for defensive purposes, temporarily invest all or a significant portion of its assets in investment grade securities, short-term debt securities and cash or cash equivalents. To the extent the Company uses this strategy it may not achieve its investment objective.

### 4. Agreements

The Company has entered into an Investment Advisory Agreement with Tortoise Capital Advisors, L.L.C. (the "Adviser"). Under the terms of the agreement, the Adviser is paid a fee consisting of a base management fee and an incentive fee.

The base management fee is 0.375 percent (1.5 percent annualized) of the Company's average monthly Managed Assets, calculated and paid quarterly in arrears within thirty days of the end of each fiscal quarter. The term "Managed Assets" as used in the calculation of the management fee means total assets (including any assets purchased with or attributable to borrowed funds) minus accrued liabilities other than (1) deferred taxes, (2) debt entered into for the purpose of leverage, and (3) the aggregate liquidation preference of any outstanding preferred shares. The base management fee for any partial quarter is appropriately prorated.

The incentive fee consists of two parts. The first part, the investment income fee, is equal to 15 percent of the excess, if any, of the Company's Net Investment Income for the fiscal quarter over a quarterly hurdle rate equal to 2 percent (8 percent annualized), and multiplied, in either case, by the Company's average monthly Net Assets for the quarter. "Net Assets" means the Managed Assets less deferred taxes, debt entered into for the purposes of leverage and the aggregate liquidation preference of any outstanding preferred shares. "Net Investment Income" means interest income (including accrued interest that we have not yet received in cash), dividend and distribution income from equity investments (but excluding that portion of cash distributions that are treated as a return of capital), and any other income (including any fees such as commitment, origination, syndication, structuring, diligence, monitoring, and consulting fees or other fees that the Company is entitled to receive from portfolio companies) accrued during the fiscal quarter, minus the Company's operating expenses for such quarter (including the base management fee, expense reimbursements payable pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement, any interest expense, any accrued income taxes related to net investment income, and dividends paid on issued and outstanding preferred stock, if any, but excluding the incentive fee payable). Net Investment Income also includes, in the case of investments with a deferred interest or income feature (such as original issue discount, debt or equity instruments with a payment-in-kind feature, and zero coupon securities), accrued income that the Company has not yet received in cash. Net Investment Income does not include any realized capital gains, realized capital losses, or unrealized capital appreciation or depreciation. The investment income fee is calculated and payable quarterly in arrears within thirty (30) days of the end of each fiscal quarter. The investment income fee calculation is adjusted appropriately on the basis of the number of calendar days in the first fiscal quarter the fee accrues or the fiscal quarter during which the Agreement is in effect in the event of termination of the Agreement during any fiscal quarter.

The second part of the incentive fee payable to the Adviser, the capital gains fee, is equal to: (A) 15 percent of (i) the Company's net realized capital gains (realized capital gains less realized capital losses) on a cumulative basis from December 8, 2005 to the end of each fiscal year, less (ii) any unrealized capital depreciation at the end of such fiscal year, less (B) the aggregate amount of all capital gains fees paid to the Adviser in prior fiscal years. The calculation of the capital gains fee includes any capital gains that result from the cash distributions that are treated as a return of capital. In that regard, any such return of capital will be treated as a decrease in the cost basis of an investment for purposes of calculating the capital gains fee. The capital gains fee is calculated and payable annually within thirty (30) days of the end of each fiscal year. Realized capital gains on a security will be calculated as the excess of the net amount realized from the sale or other disposition of such security over the adjusted cost basis for the security. Realized capital losses on a security will be calculated as the amount by which the net amount realized from the sale or other disposition of such security is less than the adjusted cost basis of such security. Unrealized capital depreciation on a security will be calculated as the amount by which the Company's adjusted cost basis of such security exceeds the fair value of such security at the end of a fiscal year. During the nine-month period ended August 31, 2007, the Company accrued no investment income fees, and accrued \$1,325,846 as a provision for capital gains incentive fees. The provision for capital gains incentive fees is a result of the increase in fair value and unrealized appreciation of investments. Pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement, the capital gains incentive fee is paid annually only if there are realization events and only if the calculation defined in the agreement results in an amount due.

The Adviser shall use at least 25 percent of any capital gains fee received on or prior to December 8, 2007 to purchase the Company's common stock in the open market. In the event the Investment Advisory Agreement is terminated, the capital gains fee calculation shall be undertaken as of, and any resulting capital gains fee shall be paid within thirty (30) days of the date of termination. The Adviser may, from time to time, waive or defer all or any part of the compensation described in the Investment Advisory Agreement.

The Company has engaged U.S. Bancorp Fund Services, LLC to serve as the Company's fund accounting services provider. The Company pays the provider a monthly fee computed at an annual rate of \$24,000 on the first \$50,000,000 of the Company's Net Assets, 0.0125 percent on the next \$200,000,000 of Net Assets and 0.0075 percent on the balance of the Company's Net Assets.

The Adviser has been engaged as the Company's administrator. The Company pays the administrator a fee equal to an annual rate of 0.07 percent of aggregate average daily Managed Assets up to and including \$150,000,000, 0.06 percent of aggregate average daily Managed Assets on the next \$100,000,000, 0.05 percent of aggregate average daily Managed Assets on the next \$250,000,000, and 0.02 percent on the balance. This fee is calculated and accrued daily and paid quarterly in arrears.

Computershare Trust Company, N.A. serves as the Company's transfer agent, dividend paying agent, and agent for the automatic dividend reinvestment plan.

U.S. Bank, N.A. serves as the Company's custodian. The Company pays the custodian a monthly fee computed at an annual rate of 0.015 percent on the first \$200,000,000 of the Company's portfolio assets and 0.01 percent on the balance of the Company's portfolio assets, subject to a minimum annual fee of \$4,800.

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## 5. Income Taxes

Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effect of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial reporting and tax purposes. Components of the Company's deferred tax assets and liabilities as of August 31, 2007, and November 30, 2006 are as follows:

	<u>August 31, 2007</u>	<u>November 30, 2006</u>
Deferred tax assets:		
Organization costs	\$ 29,843	\$ 31,532
Capital gain incentive fees	503,822	-
Net operating loss carryforwards	<u>1,043,747</u>	<u>-</u>
	1,577,412	31,532
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Net unrealized gains on investment securities	3,358,813	124,967
Basis reduction of investment in MLPs	<u>965,663</u>	<u>156,721</u>
	4,324,476	281,688
Total net deferred tax liability	<u>\$ 2,747,064</u>	<u>\$ 250,156</u>

The amount of deferred tax asset for the net operating loss carryforward at August 31, 2007 is based on the results of operations for the nine-month period ended August 31, 2007.

Total income tax expense or benefit differs from the amount computed by applying the federal statutory income tax rate of 34 percent for the periods ended August 31, 2007 and 35 percent for the periods ended August 31, 2006 to net investment income (loss) and realized and unrealized gains (losses) on investments before taxes as follows.

Management has re-evaluated the rate at which it expects the components of deferred tax assets and liabilities to reverse in the future and has determined that 34 percent is reflective of its expected future federal income tax rate at which such amounts are expected to reverse. The impact of this change is not significant to income tax expense for the current period.

	<u>For the three months ended August 31, 2007</u>	<u>For the three months ended August 31, 2006</u>
Application of statutory income tax rate	\$ (453,224)	\$ 146,891
State income taxes, net of federal taxes	(46,594)	16,788
Other, net	29,889	-
Total tax expense (benefit)	<u>\$ (469,929)</u>	<u>\$ 163,679</u>
	<u>For the nine months ended August 31, 2007</u>	<u>For the period December 8, 2006 to August 31, 2006</u>
Application of statutory income tax rate	\$ 1,863,266	\$ 265,926
State income taxes, net of federal taxes	225,934	30,391
Preferred dividends	86,925	-
Loss on redemption of preferred stock	278,051	-
Change in deferred tax valuation allowance	-	(36,683)
Total tax expense	<u>\$ 2,454,176</u>	<u>\$ 259,634</u>

At August 31, 2007, a valuation allowance was not recorded because the Company believes it is more likely than not that there is an ability to utilize its deferred tax asset.

For the three months ended August 31, 2007, the components of income tax benefit include current federal and state tax (benefit)/expense (net of federal benefit) of \$(44,252) and \$1,520 and deferred federal and state income tax benefit (net of federal benefit) of \$379,083 and \$48,114, respectively. For the three months ended August 31, 2006, the components of income tax expense include current federal and state income tax expense of \$53,606 and \$6,126, and deferred federal and state income tax expense (net of federal benefit) of \$93,285 and \$10,662 respectively.

For the nine months ended August 31, 2007, the components of income tax (benefit)/expense include current federal and state tax (benefit)/expense (net of federal benefit) of \$(44,252) and \$1,520 and deferred federal and state income tax expense (net of federal benefit) of \$2,272,494 and \$224,414 respectively. For the period from December 8, 2005 to August 31, 2006, the components of income tax expense include current federal and state income tax expense (net of federal benefit) of \$139,719 and \$15,968, and deferred federal and state income tax expense (net of federal benefit) of \$93,285 and \$10,662 respectively.

As of August 31, 2007, the aggregate cost of securities for Federal income tax purposes was \$142,951,135. At August 31, 2007, the aggregate gross unrealized appreciation for all securities in which there was an excess of value over tax cost was \$12,275,282, the aggregate gross unrealized depreciation for all securities in which there was an excess of tax cost over value was \$895,089 and the net unrealized appreciation was \$11,380,193.



## 6. Restricted Securities

Certain of the Company's investments are restricted and are valued as determined in accordance with procedures established by the Board of Directors and more fully described in Note 2. The tables below show the equity interest, number of units or principal amount, the acquisition date(s), acquisition cost (excluding return of capital adjustments), value per unit of such securities and percent of net assets applicable to common stockholders as of August 31, 2007 and November 30, 2006, respectively.

### August 31, 2007

Investment Security		Equity Interest, Units or Principal Amount	Acquisition Dates	Acquisition Cost	Value Per Unit	Percent of Net Assets
Abraxas Energy Partners, L.P.	Common Units	450,181	5/25/07	\$7,500,015	\$16.66	6.2%
EV Energy Partners, L.P.	Common Units	217,391	6/1/07	7,499,990	34.50	6.2
High Sierra Energy, LP	Common Units	999,614	11/2/06, 6/15/07	24,828,836	27.29	22.3
High Sierra Energy GP, LLC	Equity Interest	2.37%	11/2/06, 5/1/07	2,421,186	N/A	2.3
International Resource Partners LP	Class A Common Units	500,000	6/12/07	10,000,000	20.00	8.2
LONESTAR Midstream Partners, LP	Class A Common Units	1,169,776	7/27/07	23,395,520	20.00	19.2
LSMP GP, LP	GP LP Units	180	7/27/07	549,142	3,050.79	0.5
Millennium Midstream Partners, LP	Class A Common Units	875,000	12/28/06	17,481,430	18.96	13.6
Millennium Midstream Partners, LP	Incentive Distribution Rights	78	12/28/06	18,570	-	-
Mowood, LLC	Equity Interest	100%	6/5/06, 5/4/07	1,500,000	N/A	1.3
Mowood, LLC	Subordinated Debt	\$7,050,000	6/5/06, 5/4/07, 6/29/07	7,050,000	N/A	5.8
Quest Midstream Partners, L.P.	Common Units	945,946	12/22/06	17,500,001	16.74	13.0
VantaCore Partners LP	Common Units	425,000	5/21/07	8,500,000	21.44	7.5
VantaCore Partners LP	Incentive Distribution Rights	789	5/21/07	-	-	-
VantaCore Partners LP	Subordinated Debt	\$3,750,000	5/21/07	3,750,000	N/A	3.1
				<u>\$131,994,690</u>		<u>109.2%</u>

The carrying value per unit of unrestricted common units of EV Energy Partners, L.P. was \$35.88 on June 1, 2007, the date of the purchase agreement and date an enforceable right to acquire the restricted EV Energy Partners, L.P. units was obtained by the Company.

### November 30, 2006

Investment Security		Equity Interest, Units or Principal Amount	Acquisition Date	Acquisition Cost	Value Per Unit	Percent of Net Assets
Eagle Rock Energy Partners, L.P.	Common Units	474,071	3/27/06	\$12,058,401	\$18.00	20.1%
High Sierra Energy, LP	Common Units	633,179	11/2/06	14,828,825	23.42	35.0
High Sierra Energy GP, LLC	Option to Purchase Equity Interest	3%	11/2/06	171,186	N/A	0.4
Legacy Reserves LP	Limited Partner Units	264,705	3/14/06	4,499,985	17.25	10.8
Mowood, LLC	Equity Interest	100%	6/5/06	1,000,000	N/A	2.4
Mowood, LLC	Subordinated Debt	\$4,550,000	6/5/06	4,550,000	N/A	10.8
				<u>\$37,108,397</u>		<u>79.5%</u>

## 7. Investments in Affiliates and Control Entities

Investments representing 5 percent or more of the outstanding voting securities of a portfolio company result in that company being considered an affiliated company, as defined in the 1940 Act. Investments representing 25 percent or more of the outstanding voting securities of a portfolio company result in that company being considered a control company, as defined in the 1940 Act. The aggregate value of all securities of affiliates and controlled entities held by the Company as of August 31, 2007 amounted to \$115,152,095 representing 94.6 percent of net assets applicable to common stockholders. A summary of affiliated transactions for each company which is or was an affiliate or controlled entity at August 31, 2007 or during the nine months then ended is as follows:

	Units/ Equity Interest/ Principal Balance 11/30/06	Gross Additions	Gross Reductions	Gross Distributions	August 31, 2007	
					Units/ Equity Interest/ Principal Balance	Value
High Sierra Energy, LP	633,179	\$10,000,011	-	\$1,032,291	999,614	\$27,279,466
International Resource Partners LP	-	10,000,000	-	66,667	500,000	10,000,000
LONESTAR Midstream Partners, LP	-	23,395,520	-	-	1,169,776	23,395,520
LSMP GP, LP	-	549,142	-	-	180	549,142
Millennium Midstream Partners, LP						
Class A Common Units	-	17,481,430	-	759,500	875,000	16,587,822
Millennium Midstream Partners, LP						
Incentive Distribution Rights	-	18,570	-	-	78	-
Mowood, LLC Subordinated Debt	\$4,550,000	2,500,000	-	-	\$7,050,000	7,050,000
Mowood, LLC						
Equity Interest	100%	500,000	-	57,125	100%	1,590,786
Quest Midstream Partners, L.P.	-	17,500,001	-	803,357	945,946	15,836,890
VantaCore Partners LP						
Subordinated Debt	-	3,750,000	-	-	\$3,750,000	3,750,000
VantaCore Partners LP						
Common Units	-	8,500,000	-	90,955	425,000	9,112,469
VantaCore Partners LP						
Incentive Distribution Rights	-	-	-	-	789	-

\$94,194,674

-

\$2,809,895

\$115,152,095

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## 8. Investment Transactions

For the nine-month period ended August 31, 2007, the Company purchased (at cost) securities in the amount of \$111,444,679 and sold no securities (excluding short-term debt securities).

## 9. Credit Facilities

On December 13, 2006, the Company entered into a \$15,000,000 secured committed credit facility, maturing December 12, 2007, with U.S. Bank, N.A. The principal amount of the credit facility was subsequently increased to \$20,000,000. This credit facility had a variable annual interest rate equal to the one-month LIBOR rate plus 1.75 percent, a non-usage fee equal to an annual rate of 0.375 percent of the difference between the total credit facility commitment and the average outstanding balance at the end of each day for the preceding fiscal quarter, and was secured with all assets of the Company. The non-usage fee was not applicable during a defined 120 day "resting period" following the initial public offering. The average principal balance and interest rate for the period during which the credit facility was utilized (December 22, 2006 through February 6, 2007) was approximately \$11,600,000 and 7.08 percent, respectively.

On April 25, 2007, the Company replaced its previous revolving credit facility with U.S. Bank, N.A. and entered into a new secured committed credit facility with U.S. Bank, N.A. as a lender, agent and lead arranger, and Bank of Oklahoma, N.A. The new credit facility matures on March 21, 2008 and provides for a revolving credit facility of up to \$20,000,000 that can be increased to \$40,000,000 if certain conditions are met. The revolving credit facility has a variable annual interest rate equal to the one-month LIBOR rate plus 1.75 percent, a non-usage fee equal to an annual rate of 0.375 percent of the difference between the total credit facility commitment and the average outstanding balance at the end of each day for the preceding fiscal quarter, and is secured with all assets of the Company. The non-usage fee is not applicable during a defined 120 day "resting period" following the initial public offering. Proceeds from the credit facility are used to execute the Company's investment objective. On July 18, 2007, the credit facility was amended to increase the maximum principal amount of the revolving credit facility from \$20,000,000 to \$35,000,000.

The average principal balance and interest rate for the period during which the credit facilities were utilized were approximately \$12,058,400 and 7.12 percent, respectively. As of August 31, 2007, there was \$22,500,000 outstanding under the credit facility. A portion of the remaining availability under the credit facility has been segregated to fund the future purchase commitments to LONESTAR Midstream Partners, LP and LSMP GP LP.

## 10. Preferred Stock

On December 22, 2006, the Company issued 466,666 shares of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock and 70,000 warrants at \$15.00 per share. On December 26, 2006, the Company issued an additional 766,667 shares of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock and 115,000 warrants at \$15.00 per share. Holders of Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock received cash dividends (as declared by the Board of Directors and from funds legally available for distribution) at the annual rate of 10 percent of the original issue price. On February 7, 2007, the Company redeemed all of the preferred stock at \$15.00 per share plus a 2 percent premium, for a total redemption price of \$18,870,000. After attributing \$283,059 in value to the warrants, the redemption premium of \$370,000 and \$78,654 in issuance costs, the Company recognized a loss on redemption of the preferred stock of \$731,713. In addition, dividends in the amount of \$228,750 were paid to the preferred stockholders.

## 11. Common Stock

The Company has 100,000,000 shares authorized and 8,842,330 shares outstanding at August 31, 2007.

Shares at November 30, 2006	3,088,596
Shares sold through initial public offering	5,740,000
Shares issued through reinvestment of dividends	2,384
Shares issued upon exercise of warrants	11,350
Shares at August 31, 2007	<u>8,842,330</u>

## 12. Warrants

At August 31, 2007, there were 945,774 warrants issued and outstanding. The warrants became exercisable on the date of the Company's initial public offering of common shares, subject to a lock-up period with respect to the underlying common shares. Each warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share at the exercise price of \$15.00 per common share. Warrants were issued as separate instruments from common shares and are permitted to be transferred independently from the common shares. The warrants have no voting rights and the common shares underlying the unexercised warrants will have no voting rights until such common shares are received upon exercise of the warrants. All warrants will expire on February 6, 2013.

Warrants at November 30, 2006	772,124
Warrants issued in December 2006	185,000
Warrants exercised	(11,350)
Warrants at August 31, 2007	<u>945,774</u>

## 13. Earnings Per Share

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share:

	For the three months ended August 31, 2007	For the three months ended August 31, 2006	For the nine months ended August 31, 2007	Period from December 8, 2005 (Commencement of Operations) through August 31, 2006
Net increase (decrease) in net assets applicable to common stockholders resulting from operations	\$ (730,625)	\$ 331,125	\$ 3,158,476	\$ 500,153
Basic weighted average shares	8,840,487	3,088,596	7,387,780	3,088,596
Average warrants outstanding	-	-	-	-
Diluted weighted average shares	8,840,487	3,088,596	7,387,780	3,088,596
Basic and diluted net increase (decrease) in net assets applicable to common stockholders resulting from operations per common share	<u>\$ (0.08)</u>	<u>\$ 0.11</u>	<u>\$ 0.43</u>	<u>\$ 0.16</u>

Warrants to purchase shares of common stock at \$15.00 per share were outstanding during the periods reflected in the table above, but were not included in the computation of diluted earnings per share because the warrants' exercise price was greater than the average net asset value of the common shares, and therefore, the effect would be anti-dilutive.

## 14. Subsequent Events

On September 4, 2007, the Company paid a dividend in the amount of \$0.18 per share, for a total of \$1,591,484. Of this total, the dividend reinvestment amounted to \$72,881.

On September 17, 2007, we invested \$2,560,620 in additional Class A common units of LONESTAR Midstream Partners, LP and \$39,623 in additional GP LP units of LSMP GP, LP by utilizing the borrowing capacity under the revolving credit facility.

On September 28, 2007, the Company increased the maximum principal amount of the revolving credit facility from \$35,000,000 to \$40,000,000.

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## **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

(Unaudited)

### **Director and Officer Compensation**

The Company does not compensate any of its directors who are interested persons or any of its officers. For the nine-month period ended August 31, 2007, the aggregate compensation paid by the Company to the independent directors was \$76,000. The Company did not pay any special compensation to any of its directors or officers.

### **Forward-Looking Statements**

This report contains "forward-looking statements". By their nature, all forward-looking statements involve risk and uncertainties, and actual results could differ materially from those contemplated by the forward-looking statements.

### **Proxy Voting Policies**

A description of the policies and procedures that the Company uses to determine how to vote proxies relating to portfolio securities owned by the Company is available to stockholders (i) without charge, upon request by calling the Company at (913) 981-1020 or toll-free at (866) 362-9331 and on the Company's web site at [www.tortoiseadvisors.com/tto.cfm](http://www.tortoiseadvisors.com/tto.cfm); and (ii) on the SEC's Web site at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov).

### **Privacy Policy**

In order to conduct its business, the Company collects and maintains certain nonpublic personal information about its investors. This information includes the stockholder's address, tax identification or Social Security number, share balances, and dividend elections.

The Company does not disclose any nonpublic personal information about the Company's investors to third parties unless necessary to process a transaction, service an account, or as otherwise permitted by law.

To protect your personal information internally, the Company restricts access to nonpublic personal information about the Company's stockholders to those employees who need to know that information to provide services to the Company's investors. The Company also maintains certain other safeguards to protect your nonpublic personal information.

### **Important Notice About the Automatic Dividend Reinvestment Plan**

The Board of Directors of the Company has approved amendments to the Company's Automatic Dividend Reinvestment Plan (the "Plan") as necessary or appropriate to ensure compliance with applicable law or the rules and policies of the Securities and Exchange Commission, and to clarify the procedures for dividend reinvestment.

If a stockholder's shares of common stock ("common shares") of the Company are registered directly with the Company or with a brokerage firm that participates in the Plan through the facilities of the Depository Trust Company and such stockholder's account is coded dividend reinvestment by such brokerage firm, all distributions are automatically reinvested for stockholders by the Plan Agent, Computershare Trust Company, Inc. (the "Agent").

The amendments to the Plan provide that the Company intends to use primarily newly-issued shares of the Company's common stock to implement the Plan, whether its shares are trading at a premium or discount to net asset value ("NAV"). However, the Company reserves the right to instruct the Agent to purchase shares in the open market in connection with the Company's obligations under the Plan. The number of newly issued shares will be determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the distribution payable to the participant by the closing price per share of the Company's common stock on the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE") on the distribution payment date, or the average of the reported bid and asked prices if no sale is reported for that day. If distributions are reinvested in shares purchased on the open market, then the number of shares received by a stockholder shall be determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the distribution payable to such stockholder by the weighted average price per share (including brokerage commissions and other related costs) for all shares purchased by the Agent on the open-market in connection with such distribution. Such open-market purchases will be made by the Agent as soon as practicable, but in no event more than 30 days after the distribution payment date. The plan previously provided that the Agent would receive from the Company newly-issued shares of the Company's common stock for each participant's account only if the Company's common stock was trading at a premium to NAV. In addition, the Plan previously provided that open-market purchases would be made prior to the next succeeding ex-dividend date.

The Plan, as amended, became effective on June 1, 2007.

Participation in the Plan is completely voluntary and may be terminated at any time without penalty by giving notice in writing to the Agent at the address set forth below, or by contacting the Agent as set forth below; such termination will be effective with respect to a particular distribution if notice is received prior to the record date for such distribution.

Additional information about the Plan may be obtained by writing to Computershare Trust Company, N.A., P.O. Box 43078, Providence, Rhode Island 02940-3078, by contacting them by phone at 312-588-4990, or by visiting their Web site at [www.computershare.com](http://www.computershare.com).

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## ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

All statements contained herein, other than historical facts, may constitute "forward-looking statements". These statements may relate to, among other things, future events or our future performance or financial condition. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as "may," "might," "believe," "will," "provided," "anticipate," "future," "could," "growth," "plan," "intend," "expect," "should," "would," "if," "seek," "possible," "potential," "likely" or the negative of such terms or comparable terminology. These forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. For a discussion of factors that could cause our actual results to differ from forward-looking statements contained herein, please see the discussion under the heading "Risk Factors" in Part II, Item 1.A. of this report.

We may experience fluctuations in our quarterly operating results due to a number of factors, including the return on our equity investments, the interest rates payable on our debt investments, the default rates on such investments, the level of our expenses, variations in and the timing of the recognition of realized and unrealized gains or losses, the degree to which we encounter competition in our markets and general economic conditions. As a result of these factors, results for any period should not be relied upon as being indicative of performance in future periods.

### Overview

We invest primarily in privately-held and micro-cap public energy companies focused on the midstream and downstream segments, and to a lesser extent the upstream segment of the U.S. energy infrastructure sector. We believe companies in the energy infrastructure sector generally produce stable cash flows as a result of their fee-based revenues and limited direct commodity price risk. Our goal is to provide our stockholders with a high level of total return, with an emphasis on dividends and dividend growth. We invest primarily in the equity securities of companies that we expect to pay us distributions on a current basis and provide us distribution growth. These securities will generally be limited partner interests, including interests in master limited partnerships ("MLPs"), and limited liability company interests, and may also include, among others, general partner interests, common and preferred stock, convertible securities, warrants and depository receipts of companies that are organized as corporations, limited partnerships or limited liability companies.

Companies in the midstream segment of the energy infrastructure sector engage in the business of transporting, processing or storing natural gas, natural gas liquids, coal, crude oil, refined petroleum products and renewable energy resources. Companies in the downstream segment of the energy infrastructure sector engage in distributing or marketing such commodities and companies in the upstream segment of the energy infrastructure sector engage in exploring, developing, managing or producing such commodities. Under normal conditions, we intend to invest at least 90% of our total assets (including assets obtained through leverage) in companies in the energy infrastructure sector. Companies in the energy infrastructure sector include (i) companies that derive a majority of their revenues from activities within the downstream, midstream and upstream segments of the energy infrastructure sector, and (ii) companies that derive a majority of their revenues from providing products or services to such companies. Our investments are expected to range between \$5,000,000 and \$30,000,000 per investment, although investment sizes may be smaller or larger than this targeted range.

We are treated as a business development company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940 ("the 1940 Act"), and we are classified as a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company under the 1940 Act. As a BDC, we are subject to numerous regulations and restrictions. Unlike most investment companies, we are, and intend to continue to be, taxed as a general business corporation under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended ("the Code"). The Company is externally managed by Tortoise Capital Advisors, L.L.C. ("the Adviser"), an investment advisor specializing in the energy sector.

### Portfolio and Investment Activity

On June 1, 2007, we invested \$7,499,990 in common units issued to us by EV Energy Partners, L.P., a master limited partnership engaged in acquiring, producing and developing oil and gas properties. EV Energy Partners, L.P. stated that it plans to use the proceeds of the private placement to repay all of its borrowings under its revolving credit facility which were used to finance a previously completed acquisition. In addition, proceeds will fund a portion of its \$97,000,000 acquisition of oil and natural gas properties.

On June 12, 2007, we invested \$10,000,000 in International Resource Partners LP, a newly formed private partnership. International Resource Partners LP acquired International Resources, LLC, the coal subsidiary of International Industries, Inc. The company's initial acquisition of surface and underground coal mine operations in southern West Virginia is comprised of metallurgical and steam coal reserves, a coal washing and preparation plant, rail load-out facilities and a sales and marketing subsidiary.

On June 15, 2007, we completed a follow-on investment, purchasing \$10,000,011 in common units of High Sierra Energy, LP. The company indicated that it plans to use the proceeds to support its continued expansion.

On June 29, 2007, we completed a \$2,000,000 follow-on debt investment in Mowood, LLC which will be used for project financing of landfill to gas energy projects.

On July 27, 2007, we completed an investment of \$19,617,740 in common units of LONESTAR Midstream Partners, LP, a gatherer and processor of natural gas in six counties in Texas, and \$490,685 in GP LP units of LSMP GP LP, the general partner of LONESTAR Midstream Partners, LP. We have agreed to purchase \$2,560,620 of additional Class A common units of LONESTAR Midstream Partners, LP and \$39,623 of GP LP units from LSMP GP, LP in September 2007 and \$1,217,160 of additional Class A common units of LONESTAR Midstream Partners, LP and \$18,834 of GP LP units of LSMP GP, LP in December 2007. The company indicated that it plans to use the proceeds to support various expansion projects.

As of August 31, 2007, the value of our investment portfolio (excluding short-term investments) totaled \$153,596,015 including equity investments of \$142,796,015 and debt investments of \$10,800,000, across the following segments of the energy infrastructure sector:

Midstream	66%
Upstream	14%
Coal/Aggregate	14%
Downstream	6%
Total	100%

Our Adviser monitors each portfolio company to determine progress relative to meeting the company's business plan and to assess the appropriate strategic and tactical courses of action for the company. This monitoring may be accomplished by attendance at Board of Directors meetings, the review of periodic operating reports and financial reports, an analysis of relevant reserve information and capital expenditure plans, and periodic consultations with engineers, geologists, and other experts. The performance of each portfolio company is also periodically compared to performance of similarly sized companies with comparable assets and businesses to assess performance relative to peers. Our Adviser's monitoring activities are expected to provide it with the necessary access to monitor compliance with existing covenants, to enhance our ability to make qualified valuation decisions, and to assist our evaluation of the nature of the risks involved in each individual investment. In addition, these monitoring activities should permit our Adviser to diagnose and manage the common risk factors held by our total portfolio, such as sector concentration, exposure to a single financial sponsor, or sensitivity to a particular geography.

As part of the monitoring process, our Adviser continually assesses the risk profile of each of our investments and rates them on a scale of 1 to 3 based on the following categories:

(1) The portfolio company is performing at or above expectations and the trends and risk factors are generally favorable to neutral.

(2) The portfolio company is performing below expectations and the investment's risk has increased materially since origination. The portfolio company is generally out of compliance with various covenants; however, payments are generally not more than 120 days past due.

(3) The portfolio company is performing materially below expectations and the investment risk has substantially increased since origination. Most or all of the covenants are out of compliance and payments are substantially delinquent. Investment is not expected to provide a full repayment of the amount invested.

As of August 31, 2007, all of our portfolio companies have a rating of (1).

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## Results of Operations

Set forth are the results of operations for the three and nine months ended August 31, 2007 as compared to the three months ended August 31, 2006 and the period from December 8, 2005 (Commencement of Operations) through August 31, 2006.

**Investment Income:** Investment income totaled \$802,674 and \$1,740,165 for the three and nine-month periods ended August 31, 2007, respectively, compared to \$448,124 and \$1,199,125 for the three months ended August 31, 2006 and the period from December 8, 2005 through August 31, 2006, respectively. Investment income for the three-month period ended August 31, 2007 consisted of \$2,009,605 in gross distributions from investments, including \$1,552,395 characterized as return of capital (which includes \$314,000 related to the reclassification of investment income and return of capital based on the 2006 tax reporting information received from our portfolio companies), and \$345,464 in dividends from money market mutual funds, interest income from debt investments and other income. Investment income for the nine-month period ended August 31, 2007 consisted of \$4,038,759 in gross distributions from investments, including \$3,516,593 characterized as return of capital, and \$1,217,999 in dividends from money market mutual funds, interest income from debt investments and other income. Investment income for the three-month period ended August 31, 2006 consisted of \$350,993 in gross distributions from investments, including \$297,054 characterized as return of capital and \$394,185 in dividends from money market mutual funds and interest income from debt investments. Investment income for the nine-month period ended August 31, 2006 consisted of \$350,993 in gross distributions from investments, including \$297,054 characterized as return of capital and \$1,145,186 in dividends from money market mutual funds and interest income from debt investments. The weighted average yield (to cost) on our investment portfolio (excluding short-term investments) as of August 31, 2007 was 8.74 percent, as compared to 8.73 percent at August 31, 2006.

**Operating Expenses:** Total operating expenses totaled \$865,581 and \$4,651,346 for the three and nine-month periods ended August 31, 2007, respectively, compared to \$250,374 and \$736,392 for the three months ended August 31, 2006 and the period from December 8, 2005 through August 31, 2006, respectively. Total operating expenses for the three-month period ended August 31, 2007 consisted of \$512,894 in management fees, \$170,648 as a reduction in capital gain incentive fees, \$293,643 in other operating expenses and \$229,692 in interest expense on our line of credit. For the nine-month period ended August 31, 2007, total operating expenses consisted of \$1,360,973 in management fees, \$1,325,846 in capital gain incentive fees, \$731,713 in redemption premium and issuance costs on previously outstanding Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock, \$576,152 in interest expense on our line of credit and preferred dividends, and \$656,662 in other operating expenses. Total operating expenses for the three-month period ended August 31, 2006 consisted of \$163,364 in management fees and \$87,010 in other operating expenses and for the period from December 8, 2005 through August 31, 2006 consisted of \$469,527 in management fees, and \$266,865 in other operating expenses. The increase in expenses for the three and nine-month periods ended August 31, 2007 as compared to the three months ended August 31, 2006 and the period from December 8, 2005 (Commencement of Operations) through August 31, 2006, respectively, generally relate to capital gain incentive fees and the redemption premium and issuance costs on previously outstanding Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock, which was utilized as bridge financing to fund portfolio investments and was fully redeemed upon completion of the initial public offering. The provision for capital gains incentive fees resulted from the increase in fair value and unrealized appreciation on investments. Pursuant to the Investment Advisory Agreement, the capital gains incentive fee is paid annually only if there are realization events and only if the calculation defined in the agreement results in an amount due.

**Distributable Cash Flow:** Our portfolio generates cash flow to us from which we pay dividends to stockholders. When our Board of Directors determines the amount of any distribution we expect to pay our stockholders, it will review distributable cash flow ("DCF"). DCF is distributions received from investments less our total expenses. The total distributions received from our investments include the amount received by us as cash distributions from equity investments, paid-in-kind distributions, and dividend and interest payments. The total expenses include current or anticipated operating expenses, leverage costs and current income taxes on our operating income. Total expenses do not include deferred income taxes or accrued capital gain incentive fees. Dividends paid to shareholders prior to full investment may exceed distributable cash flow for the period.

We disclose DCF in order to provide supplemental information regarding our results of operations and to enhance our investors' overall understanding of our core financial performance and our prospects for the future. We believe that our investors benefit from seeing the results of DCF in addition to U.S. generally accepted accounting policies ("GAAP") information. This non-GAAP information facilitates management's comparison of current results with historical results of operations and with those of our peers. This information is not in accordance with, or an alternative to, GAAP and may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies. The following table represents DCF for the three and nine-month periods ended August 31, 2007.

### Distributable Cash Flow (unaudited)

	<b>For the three months ended August 31, 2007</b>	<b>For the nine months ended August 31, 2007</b>
<b>Total Distributions Received from Investments</b>		
Distributions received from equity investments	\$ 2,009,605	\$ 4,038,759
Interest income from debt investments	306,738	597,614
Dividend and interest income on short-term investments	38,726	620,385
Total from Investments	<u>2,355,069</u>	<u>5,256,758</u>
<b>Operating Expenses Before Leverage Costs and Current Taxes</b>		
Advisory fees		
Other operating expenses (excluding capital gain incentive fees)	293,643	656,662
	<u>806,537</u>	<u>2,017,635</u>
Distributable cash flow before leverage costs and current taxes	1,548,532	3,239,123
Leverage Costs	229,692	576,152
<b>Distributable Cash Flow</b>	<u>\$ 1,318,840</u>	<u>\$ 2,662,971</u>
<b>DCF/GAAP Reconciliation</b>		
Adjustments to reconcile to Net Investment Income (Loss), before Income Taxes		
Return of capital on distributions received from equity investments	(1,552,395)	(3,516,593)
Capital gain incentive fees	170,648	(1,325,846)
Loss on redemption of preferred stock	-	(731,713)
<b>Net Investment Income (Loss), before Income Taxes</b>	<u>\$ (62,907)</u>	<u>\$ (2,911,181)</u>

**Dividends:** The following table sets forth dividends paid during the nine months ended August 31, 2007:

Record Date	Payment Date	Amount
August 21, 2007	September 4, 2007	\$0.18
May 22, 2007	June 1, 2007	\$0.16
January 31, 2007	February 7, 2007	\$0.10

**Net Investment Income (Loss):** Net investment loss for the three-month period ended August 31, 2007 was \$25,284 (including a current tax benefit of \$42,732 and deferred tax expense of \$5,109) and net investment loss for the nine-month period ended August 31, 2007 was \$2,126,300 (including a current tax benefit of \$42,732 and deferred tax benefit of \$742,149), respectively. Net investment income for the three-month period ended August 31, 2006 and the period from December 8, 2005 through August 31, 2006 was \$149,922 (including current tax expense of \$59,732 and a deferred tax benefit of \$11,904) and \$318,950 (including current tax expense of \$155,687 and a deferred tax benefit of \$11,904), respectively. The increased net investment loss for the three and nine-month periods ended August 31, 2007 as compared to the three months ended August 31,



2006 and the period from December 8, 2005 (Commencement of Operations) through August 31, 2006, respectively, generally relate to capital gain incentive fees and the redemption premium and issuance costs on previously outstanding Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock as described in "Operating Expenses" above.

*Net Realized and Unrealized Gains (Losses):* For the three-month period ended August 31, 2007, we had net unrealized losses of \$705,341 after a deferred tax benefit of \$432,306. For the nine-month period ended August 31, 2007, we had net unrealized gains of \$5,276,275 after a deferred tax expense of \$3,233,846. For the three months ended August 31, 2006 and the period from December 8, 2005 through August 31, 2006 we had net unrealized gains of \$181,203 after a deferred tax expense of \$115,851. For the three-month period ended August 31, 2007 we recognized no realized gains or losses and for the nine-month period ended August 31, 2007, we recognized realized gains of \$8,501 after a deferred tax expense of \$5,211. The recognition of realized gains was not the result of a sale during these periods, but was related to a reclassification of the amount of investment income and return of capital we recognized based on the 2006 tax reporting information received from the individual MLPs resulting in an adjustment to realized gains.

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## Recent Developments

On September 4, 2007, we paid a dividend in the amount of \$0.18 per share, for a total of \$1,591,484. Of this total, the dividend reinvestment amounted to \$72,881.

On September 17, 2007, we invested \$2,560,620 in additional Class A common units of LONESTAR Midstream Partners, LP and \$39,623 in additional GP LP units of LSMP GP, LP by utilizing the borrowing capacity under the revolving credit facility.

On September 28, 2007, we increased the maximum principal amount of the revolving credit facility from \$35,000,000 to \$40,000,000.

## Liquidity and Capital Resources

On February 7, 2007, we completed our initial public offering of 5,740,000 shares of common stock at \$15.00 per share for gross proceeds of \$86,100,000. After underwriting discount and offering expenses, we received net proceeds of \$79,222,426. Upon completion of the offering, we redeemed all of the Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock at \$15.00 per share plus a 2 percent premium, for a total redemption price of \$18,870,000. After attributing \$283,059 in value to the warrants, the redemption premium of \$370,000 and \$78,654 in issuance costs, we recognized a loss on redemption of the preferred shares of \$731,713. In addition, accrued dividends in the amount of \$228,750 were paid to the preferred stockholders. We have used approximately \$12,600,000 of the net proceeds to repay the amount outstanding under the credit facility, and the remaining net proceeds to fund additional investments in new and existing portfolio companies.

As of August 31, 2007, a total of 11,350 warrants have been exercised at \$15.00 per common share, for proceeds of \$170,250. All such proceeds have been used for working capital purposes.

On April 25, 2007, we replaced our previous revolving credit facility with U.S. Bank, N.A. and entered into a new secured committed credit facility with U.S. Bank, N.A. as a lender, agent and lead arranger, and Bank of Oklahoma, N.A. The new credit facility matures on March 21, 2008 and provides for a revolving credit facility of up to \$20,000,000 that can be increased to \$40,000,000 if certain conditions are met. The revolving credit facility has a variable annual interest rate equal to the one-month LIBOR rate plus 1.75 percent, a non-usage fee equal to an annual rate of 0.375 percent of the difference between the total credit facility commitment and the average outstanding balance at the end of each day for the preceding fiscal quarter, and is secured with all assets of the Company. The non-usage fee was not applicable during a defined 120 day "resting period" following the initial public offering. On July 18, 2007, the maximum principal amount of the revolving credit facility was increased to \$35,000,000.

We expect to raise additional capital to support our future growth through equity offerings, issuances of senior securities or future borrowings to the extent permitted by the 1940 Act and our current credit facility. We generally may not issue additional common shares at a price below our net asset value (net of any sales load (underwriting discount)) without first obtaining approval of our stockholders and Board of Directors. Our stockholders granted us the authority to sell our common shares below net asset value, subject to certain conditions, through December 20, 2007. We are restricted in our ability to incur additional debt by the terms of our credit facility.

## Contractual Obligations

The following table summarizes our significant contractual payment obligations as of August 31, 2007.

	Total	Fiscal 2007	Fiscal 2008	Fiscal 2009	Fiscal 2010	Fiscal 2011	After 2011
				(in millions)			
Secured revolving credit facility <sup>(1)</sup>	\$22.5	\$22.5	-				
Purchase commitment <sup>(2)</sup>	\$ 3.8	\$ 2.6	\$ 1.2				
	<u>\$26.3</u>	<u>\$25.1</u>	<u>\$1.2</u>				

(1) At August 31, 2007, the outstanding balance under the credit facility was \$22,500,000. The credit facility expires on March 21, 2008.

(2) We have agreed to purchase, subject to the satisfaction of certain conditions, \$2,560,620 of additional Class A common units of LONESTAR Midstream Partners, LP and \$39,623 GP LP units from LSMP GP LP in September 2007 and \$1,217,160 of additional Class A common units of LONESTAR Midstream Partners, LP and \$18,834 GP LP units of LSMP GP LP in December 2007.

## Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

Other than the investment advisory agreement and the administration agreement with our Adviser, we do not have any off-balance sheet arrangement that has or is reasonably likely to have a current or future effect on our financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, results of operations, liquidity, capital expenditures, or capital resources.

## Borrowings

On April 25, 2007, we replaced our previous revolving credit facility with U.S. Bank, N.A. and entered into a new secured committed credit facility with U.S. Bank, N.A. as a lender, agent and lead arranger, and Bank of Oklahoma, N.A. The new credit facility matures on March 21, 2008 and provides for a revolving credit facility of up to \$20,000,000 that can be increased to \$40,000,000 if certain conditions are met. The revolving credit facility has a variable annual interest rate equal to the one-month LIBOR rate plus 1.75 percent, a non-usage fee equal to an annual rate of 0.375 percent of the difference between the total credit facility commitment and the average outstanding balance at the end of each day for the preceding fiscal quarter, and is secured with all assets of the Company. The non-usage fee was not applicable during a defined 120 day "resting period" following the initial public offering. On July 18, 2007, the maximum principal amount of the revolving credit facility was increased to \$35,000,000.

The average principal balance and interest rate for the period during which the credit facilities were utilized was approximately \$12,058,400 and 7.12 percent, respectively. As of August 31, 2007, there was \$22,500,000 outstanding under the credit facility.

## Critical Accounting Policies

The financial statements included in this report are based on the selection and application of critical accounting policies, which require management to make significant estimates and assumptions. Critical accounting policies are those that are both important to the presentation of our financial condition and results of operations and require management's most difficult, complex or subjective judgments. While our critical accounting policies are discussed below, Note 2 in the notes to our financial statements included in this report provides more detailed disclosure of all of our significant accounting policies.

## Valuation of Portfolio Investments

We invest primarily in illiquid securities that generally are subject to restrictions on resale, have no established trading market and are valued at fair value on a quarterly basis.

Fair value is intended to be the amount for which an investment could be exchanged in an orderly disposition over a reasonable period of time between willing parties other than in a forced liquidation or sale. Because of the inherent uncertainty of valuation, the fair values of such investments, which are determined in accordance with procedures approved by our Board of Directors, may differ materially from the values that would have been used had a ready market existed for the investments.

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### ***Interest and Fee Income Recognition***

Interest income is recorded on an accrual basis to the extent that such amounts are expected to be collected. When investing in instruments with an original issue discount or payment-in-kind interest, we accrue interest income during the life of the investment, even though we will not necessarily be receiving cash as the interest is accrued. Commitment and facility fees generally are recognized as income over the life of the underlying loan, whereas due diligence, structuring, transaction service, consulting and management service fees for services rendered to portfolio companies generally are recognized as income when services are rendered.

### ***Security Transactions and Investment Income Recognition***

Security transactions are accounted for on the date the securities are purchased or sold (trade date). Realized gains and losses are reported on an identified cost basis. Distributions received from our equity investments generally are comprised of ordinary income, capital gains and return of capital from the portfolio company. We record investment income and returns of capital based on estimates made at the time such distributions are received. Such estimates are based on information available from each portfolio company and/or other industry sources. These estimates may subsequently be revised based on information received from the portfolio companies after their tax reporting periods are concluded, as the actual character of these distributions are not known until after our fiscal year-end.

### ***Federal and State Income Taxation***

We, as a corporation, are obligated to pay federal and state income tax on our taxable income. Our tax expense or benefit is included in the Statement of Operations based on the component of income or gains (losses) to which such expense or benefit relates. Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes.

## **ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK.**

Our business activities contain elements of market risk. We consider changes in interest rates and the effect such changes can have on the valuations of the distribution-paying equity securities and debt securities we hold and the cost of capital under our credit facility to be our principal market risk.

Debt investments in our portfolio are based on floating and fixed rates. Loans bearing a floating interest rate are usually based on LIBOR and, in most cases, a spread consisting of additional basis points. The interest rates for these debt instruments typically have one to six-month durations and reset at the current market interest rates. As of August 31, 2007, our floating rate debt investments totaled \$3,750,000 (35 percent) of our total debt investments of \$10,800,000. Based on a sensitivity analysis of the variable rate financial obligations in our portfolio at August 31, 2007, we estimate that a one percentage point interest rate movement in the average market interest rates (either higher or lower) over the three-month period ended August 31, 2007 would either increase or decrease net investment income by approximately \$9,583.

Our revolving credit facility has a variable annual interest rate equal to the one-month LIBOR rate plus 1.75 percent. We estimate that a one percentage point interest rate movement in the average market interest rates (either higher or lower) for the period during which the credit facilities were utilized would either increase or decrease net investment income by approximately \$41,869.

We carry our investments at fair value, as determined by our Board of Directors. Investments for which market quotations are readily available are valued at such market quotations. Securities that are not publicly traded or whose market price is not readily available are valued at fair value as determined in good faith by our Board of Directors. Because there is not a readily available market value for most of the investments in our portfolio, we value substantially all of our portfolio investments at fair value as determined in good faith by our Board of Directors under a valuation policy and a consistently applied valuation process. Due to the inherent uncertainty of determining the fair value of investments that do not have a readily available market value, the fair value of our investments may differ significantly from the values that would have been used had a ready market existed for such investments, and these differences could be material. The Board of Directors has retained Duff & Phelps, LLC (an independent valuation firm) to provide third party valuation consulting services to the Board of Directors which consists of certain limited procedures that the Board of Directors has identified and requested they perform. For the quarter ended August 31, 2007, the Board of Directors requested Duff & Phelps, LLC to perform the limited procedures on investments in seven portfolio companies comprising approximately 67% of the total investments at fair value as of August 31, 2007. Duff & Phelps, LLC's limited procedures did not involve an audit, review, compilation or any other form of examination or attestation under generally accepted auditing standards. Upon completion of the limited procedures, Duff & Phelps, LLC concluded that the fair value of the investments subjected to the limited procedures did not appear to be unreasonable. The Board of Directors are ultimately and solely responsible for determining the fair value of the investments in good faith.

As of August 31, 2007, the value of our long-term equity investments totaled \$153,596,015. The impact of a 10 percent increase in the fair value of these investments, net of capital gain incentive fees and related deferred taxes, would increase net assets applicable to common stockholders by approximately \$8,094,510. The impact of a 10 percent decrease in the fair value of these investments, net of the reduction of capital gain incentive fees and related deferred taxes, would decrease net assets applicable to common stockholders by approximately \$8,700,928.

We consider the management of risk essential to conducting our businesses. Accordingly, our risk management systems and procedures are designed to identify and analyze our risks, to set appropriate policies and limits and to continually monitor these risks and limits by means of reliable administrative and information systems and other policies and programs.

## **ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.**

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, has evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon such evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective and provided reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports we file or submit under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC rules and forms, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) during the fiscal quarter ended August 31 2007, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

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## PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

### ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.

We are not currently subject to any material legal proceeding, nor, to our knowledge, is any material legal proceeding threatened against us.

### ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS.

#### Risks Related to Our Operations

##### *We have a limited operating history.*

We were incorporated in Maryland on September 8, 2005. We are subject to all of the business risks and uncertainties associated with any business, including the risk that we will not achieve our investment objective and that the value of an investment in our common shares could decline substantially.

##### *Our Adviser will serve as investment adviser to other funds, which may create conflicts of interest not in the best interest of us or our stockholders.*

Our Adviser was formed in October 2002 and has been managing investments in portfolios of MLPs and other issuers in the energy sector since that time, including management of the investments of Tortoise Energy Infrastructure Corporation (“TYG”) since February 27, 2007, Tortoise Energy Capital Corporation (“TYE”) since May 31, 2005, Tortoise North American Energy Corporation (“TYN”) since October 31, 2005, Tortoise Total Return Fund, LLC (“TTRF”) since June 29, 2007 and Tortoise Gas and Oil Corporation (“TGO”) since July 19, 2007. From time to time, the Adviser may pursue areas of investments in which the Adviser has more limited experience.

Our investment committee is the same for, and all of our Adviser’s employees provide services for, other funds managed by the Adviser. Our Adviser’s services under the investment advisory agreement are not exclusive, and it is free to furnish the same or similar services to other entities, including businesses that may directly or indirectly compete with us so long as its services to us are not impaired by the provision of such services to others. In addition, the publicly traded funds and private accounts managed by our Adviser may make investments similar to investments that we may pursue. Unlike the other funds managed by our Adviser (other than TGO), we generally target investments in companies that are privately-held or have capitalizations of less than \$250 million, and that are earlier in their stage of development. We also focus on privately-held and micro-cap public energy companies operating in the midstream and downstream segment, and to a lesser extent the upstream segment, of the U.S. energy infrastructure sector. TGO focuses on privately-held companies and publicly traded MLPs in the upstream, and to a lesser extent the midstream, gas and oil segments of the energy sector. This may change in the future, however. TGO could contemplate an investment that falls within our investment focus. Accordingly, our Adviser and the members of its investment committee may have obligations to other investors, the fulfillment of which might not be in the best interests of us or our stockholders, and it is possible that our Adviser might allocate investment opportunities to other entities, limiting attractive investment opportunities available to us. However, our Adviser intends to allocate investment opportunities in a fair and equitable manner consistent with our investment objectives and strategies, and in accordance with written allocation policies and procedures of our Adviser, so that we will not be disadvantaged in relation to any other client.

##### *We are dependent upon our Adviser’s key personnel for our future success.*

We depend on the diligence, expertise and business relationships of the senior management of our Adviser. The Adviser’s senior investment professionals and senior management will evaluate, negotiate, structure, close and monitor our investments. Our future success will depend on the continued service of the senior management team of our Adviser. The departure of one or more senior investment professionals of our Adviser could have a material adverse effect on our ability to achieve our investment objective and on the value of our common shares. We will rely on certain employees of the Adviser who will be devoting significant amounts of their time to non-Company related activities of the Adviser. To the extent the Adviser’s senior investment professionals and senior management are unable to, or do not, devote sufficient amounts of their time and energy to our affairs, our performance may suffer.

##### *The incentive fee payable to our Adviser may create conflicting incentives.*

The incentive fee payable by us to our Adviser may create an incentive for our Adviser to make investments on our behalf that are riskier or more speculative than would be the case in the absence of such a compensation arrangement. Because a portion of the incentive fee payable to our Adviser is calculated as a percentage of the amount of our net investment income that exceeds a hurdle rate, our Adviser may imprudently use leverage to increase the return on our investments. Under some circumstances, the use of leverage may increase the likelihood of default, which would disfavor the holders of our common shares. In addition, our Adviser will receive an incentive fee based, in part, upon net realized capital gains on our investments. Unlike the portion of the incentive fee based on net investment income, there is no hurdle rate applicable to the portion of the incentive fee based on net capital gains. As a result, our Adviser may have an incentive to pursue investments that are likely to result in capital gains as compared to income producing securities. Such a practice could result in our investing in more speculative or long term securities than would otherwise be the case, which could result in higher investment losses, particularly during economic downturns or longer return cycles.

We may be required to pay an incentive fee even in a fiscal quarter in which we have incurred a loss. For example, if we have pre-incentive fee net investment income above the hurdle rate and realized capital losses, we will be required to pay the investment income portion of the incentive fee.

The investment income portion of the incentive fee payable by us will be computed and paid on income that may include interest that has been accrued but not yet received in cash, and the collection of which is uncertain or deferred. If a portfolio company defaults on a loan that is structured to provide accrued interest, it is possible that accrued interest previously used in the calculation of the investment income portion of the incentive fee will become uncollectible. Our Adviser will not be required to reimburse us for any such incentive fee payments.

##### *Our Adviser and its management have limited experience operating under the constraints imposed on us as a BDC.*

The 1940 Act imposes numerous constraints on the operations of BDCs. For example, BDCs are required to invest at least 70 percent of their total assets primarily in securities of private or thinly traded U.S. public companies, cash, cash equivalents, U.S. Government securities and other high quality debt investments that mature in one year or less. These constraints, among others, may hinder the Adviser’s ability to take advantage of attractive investment opportunities and to achieve our investment objective. Our Adviser’s experience operating under these constraints is limited to the period since our commencement of operations in 2005.

##### *Because we expect to distribute substantially all of our income to our stockholders, we will continue to need additional capital to make new investments. If additional funds are unavailable or not available on favorable terms, our ability to make new investments will be impaired.*

Our business will require a substantial amount of capital if we distribute substantially all of our income to our stockholders and we are to make new investments. We may acquire additional capital from the issuance of securities senior to our common shares, including additional borrowings or other indebtedness or the issuance of additional securities. We may also acquire additional capital through the issuance of additional equity. However, we may not be able to raise additional capital in the future on favorable terms or at all. Our credit facility contains a covenant precluding us from incurring additional debt. We may issue debt securities, other instruments of indebtedness or preferred stock, and we intend to borrow money from banks or other financial institutions, which we refer to collectively as “senior securities,” up to the maximum amount permitted by the 1940 Act. The 1940 Act permits us to issue senior securities in amounts such that our asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, equals at least 200 percent after each issuance of senior securities. Our ability to pay distributions or issue additional senior securities is restricted if our asset coverage ratio is not at least 200 percent, or put another way, the value of our assets (less all liabilities and indebtedness not represented by senior securities) must be at least twice that of any outstanding senior securities representing indebtedness (plus the aggregate involuntary liquidation preference of any preferred stock). If the value of our assets declines, we may be unable to satisfy this test. If that happens, we may be required to liquidate a portion of our investments and repay a portion of our indebtedness at a time when such sales may be disadvantageous. As a result of issuing senior securities, we will also be exposed to typical risks associated with leverage, including increased risk of loss. If we issue preferred securities which will rank “senior” to our common shares in our capital structure, the holders of such preferred securities may have separate voting rights and other

rights, preferences or privileges more favorable than those of our common shares, and the issuance of such preferred securities could have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a transaction or a change of control that might involve a premium price for security holders or otherwise be in our best interest.

To the extent our ability to issue debt or other senior securities is constrained, we will depend on issuances of additional common shares to finance our operations. As a BDC, we generally are not able to issue additional common shares at a price below net asset value (net of any sales load (underwriting discount)) without first obtaining required approvals of our stockholders and our independent directors which could constrain our ability to issue additional equity. Our stockholders granted us the authority to sell our common shares below net asset value, subject to certain conditions. This authority extends through December 20, 2007. If we raise additional funds by issuing more of our common shares or senior securities convertible into, or exchangeable for, our common shares, the percentage ownership of our stockholders at that time would decrease, and you may experience dilution.

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***As a BDC, we are subject to limitations on our ability to engage in certain transactions with affiliates.***

As a BDC, we are prohibited under the 1940 Act from knowingly participating in certain transactions with our affiliates without the prior approval of our independent directors or the SEC. Any person that owns, directly or indirectly, 5 percent or more of our outstanding voting securities is our affiliate for purposes of the 1940 Act and we are generally prohibited from buying or selling any security from or to such affiliate, absent the prior approval of our independent directors. The 1940 Act also prohibits “joint” transactions with an affiliate, which could include investments in the same portfolio company (whether at the same or different times), without prior approval of our independent directors. If a person acquires more than 25 percent of our voting securities, we will be prohibited from buying or selling any security from or to such person, or entering into joint transactions with such person, absent the prior approval of the SEC.

***If our investments are deemed not to be qualifying assets, we could lose our status as BDC or be precluded from investing according to our current business plan.***

As a BDC, we must not acquire any assets other than “qualifying assets” unless, at the time of and after giving effect to such acquisition, at least 70 percent of our total assets are qualifying assets. If our investments are deemed not to be qualifying assets, our status as a BDC may be jeopardized or we may be precluded from investing in the manner intended, either of which would have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. We also may be required to dispose of investments, which could have a material adverse effect on us and our stockholders, because even if we were successful in finding a buyer, we may have difficulty in finding a buyer to purchase such investments on favorable terms or in a sufficient time frame.

***We may choose to invest a portion of our portfolio in investments that may be considered highly speculative and that could negatively impact our ability to pay distributions and cause you to lose part of your investment.***

The 1940 Act permits a BDC to invest up to 30 percent of its assets in investments that do not meet the test for “qualifying assets.” Such investments may be made by us with the expectation of achieving a higher rate of return or increased cash flow with a portion of our portfolio and may fall outside of our targeted investment criteria. These investments may be made even though they may expose us to greater risks than our other investments and may consequently expose our portfolio to more significant losses than may arise from our other investments. We may invest up to 30 percent of our total assets in assets that are non-qualifying assets in among other things, high yield bonds, bridge loans, distressed debt, commercial loans, private equity, and securities of public companies or secondary market purchases of securities of target portfolio companies. Such investments could impact negatively our ability to pay you distributions and cause you to lose part of your investment.

***Our debt increases the risk of investing in us.***

On July 18, 2007, our previous credit facility was amended to increase the maximum principal amount of the revolving credit facility from \$20,000,000 to \$35,000,000. As of August 31, 2007, we had an outstanding balance of \$22,500,000 under the credit facility. The credit facility precludes us from incurring additional debt and we may face liquidity constraints as a result. We may in the future incur incremental debt to increase our ability to make investments. Lenders from whom we may borrow money or holders of our debt securities will have fixed dollar claims on our assets that are superior to the claims of our stockholders, and we have and may grant a security interest in our assets in connection with our debt. In the case of a liquidation event, those lenders or note holders would receive proceeds before our stockholders. In addition, debt, also known as leverage, magnifies the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested and, therefore, increases the risks associated with investing in our securities. Leverage is generally considered a speculative investment technique and the costs of any leverage transactions will be borne by our stockholders. In addition, because the base management fees we pay to our Adviser are based on managed assets (which include any assets purchased with borrowed funds) our Adviser may imprudently borrow funds in an attempt to increase our managed assets in conflict with our or our stockholders’ best interests. If the value of our assets increases, then leveraging would cause the net asset value attributable to our common shares to increase more than it otherwise would have had we not leveraged. Conversely, if the value of our assets decreases, leveraging would cause the net asset value attributable to our common shares to decline more than it otherwise would have had we not leveraged. Similarly, any increase in our revenue in excess of interest expense on our borrowed funds would cause our net income to increase more than it would without the leverage. Any decrease in our revenue would cause our net income to decline more than it would have had we not borrowed funds and could negatively affect our ability to make distributions on our common shares. Our ability to service any debt that we incur will depend largely on our financial performance and the performance of our portfolio companies and will be subject to prevailing economic conditions and competitive pressures.

***We operate in a highly competitive market for investment opportunities.***

We compete with public and private funds, commercial and investment banks and commercial financing companies to make the types of investments that we plan to make in the U.S. energy infrastructure sector. Many of our competitors are substantially larger and have considerably greater financial, technical and marketing resources than us. For example, some competitors may have a lower cost of funds and access to funding sources that are not available to us. In addition, some of our competitors may have higher risk tolerances or different risk assessments, allowing them to consider a wider variety of investments and establish more relationships than us. Furthermore, many of our competitors are not subject to the regulatory restrictions that the 1940 Act imposes on us as a BDC.

***Our quarterly results may fluctuate.***

We could experience fluctuations in our quarterly operating results due to a number of factors, including the return on our equity investments, the interest rates payable on our debt investments, the default rates on such investments, the level of our expenses, variations in and the timing of the recognition of realized and unrealized gains or losses, the degree to which we encounter competition in our markets and general economic conditions. As a result of these factors, results for any period should not be relied upon as being indicative of performance in future periods.

***Our portfolio may be concentrated in a limited number of portfolio companies.***

We currently have investments in a limited number of portfolio companies. An inherent risk associated with this investment concentration is that we may be adversely affected if one or two of our investments perform poorly or if we need to write down the value of any one investment. Financial difficulty on the part of any single portfolio company or the failure of a portfolio company to make distributions will expose us to a greater risk of loss than would be the case if we were a “diversified” company holding numerous investments.

***Our anticipated investments in privately-held companies present certain challenges, including the lack of available information about these companies and a greater inability to liquidate our investments in an advantageous manner.***

We primarily make investments in privately-held companies. Generally, little public information will exist about these companies, and we will be required to rely on the ability of our Adviser to obtain adequate information to evaluate the potential risks and returns involved in investing in these companies. If our Adviser is unable to obtain all material information about these companies, including with respect to operational, regulatory, environmental, litigation and managerial risks, our Adviser may not make a fully-informed investment decision, and we may lose some or all of the money invested in these companies. In addition, our Adviser may inappropriately value the prospects of an investment, causing us to overpay for such investment and fail to receive the expected or projected return on the investment. Substantially all of these securities will be subject to legal and other restrictions on resale or will otherwise be less liquid than publicly traded securities. The illiquidity of these investments may make it difficult for us to sell such investments at advantageous times and prices or in a timely manner. In addition, if we are required to liquidate all or a portion of our portfolio quickly, we may realize significantly less than the value at which we previously have recorded our investments. We also may face other restrictions on our ability to liquidate an investment in a portfolio company to the extent that we or one of our affiliates have material non-public information regarding such portfolio company.

***Most of our portfolio investments are and will continue to be recorded at fair value as determined in good faith by our Board of Directors. As a result, there is and will continue to be uncertainty as to the value of our portfolio investments.***

Most of our investments are and will be in the form of securities or loans that are not publicly traded. The fair value of these investments may not be readily determinable. We will value these investments quarterly at fair value as determined in good faith by our Board of Directors. The Board of Directors has retained Duff & Phelps, LLC (an independent valuation firm) to provide third party valuation consulting services which consists of certain limited procedures that the Board of Directors has identified and requested they perform. For the quarter ended August 31, 2007, the Board of Directors requested Duff & Phelps, LLC to perform the limited procedures on investments in seven portfolio companies comprising approximately 67 percent of the total investments at fair value as of August 31, 2007. Duff & Phelps, LLC’s limited procedures did not involve an audit, review, compilation or any other form of examination or attestation under generally accepted auditing standards. Upon completion of the limited procedures, Duff & Phelps, LLC concluded that the fair value of the investments subjected to the limited procedures did not appear to be unreasonable. The Board of Directors are ultimately and solely responsible for determining the fair value of the investments in good faith. The types of factors that may be considered in fair value pricing of an investment include the nature and realizable value of any collateral, the portfolio company’s earnings and ability to make payments, the markets in which the portfolio company does business, comparison to publicly traded companies, discounted cash flow and other relevant factors. Because such valuations are inherently uncertain, our determinations

of fair value may differ materially from the values that would have been used if a ready market for these securities existed. As a result, we may not be able to dispose of our holdings at a price equal to or greater than the determined fair value, which could have a negative impact on our net asset value.

***Our equity investments may decline in value.***

The equity securities in which we invest may not appreciate or may decline in value. We may thus not be able to realize gains from our equity securities, and any gains that we do realize on the disposition of any equity securities may not be sufficient to offset any other losses we experience. As a result, the equity securities in which we invest may decline in value, which may negatively impact our ability to pay distributions and cause you to lose all or part of your investment.

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***Unrealized decreases in the value of debt investments in our portfolio may impact the value of our common shares and may reduce our income for distribution.***

As a BDC, we are required to carry our investments at market value or, if no market value is ascertainable, at the fair value as determined in good faith by our Board of Directors. Decreases in the market values or fair values of our debt investments will be recorded as unrealized depreciation. Any unrealized depreciation in our investment portfolio could be an indication of a portfolio company's inability to meet its obligations to us with respect to the loans whose market values or fair values decreased. This could result in realized losses in the future and ultimately in reductions of our income available for distribution in future periods.

***When we are a minority equity or a debt investor in a portfolio company, we may not be in a position to control that portfolio company.***

When we make minority equity investments or invest in debt, we will be subject to the risk that a portfolio company may make business decisions with which we may disagree, and that the stockholders and management of such company may take risks or otherwise act in ways that do not serve our interests. As a result, a portfolio company may make decisions that could decrease the value of our investments.

***Our portfolio companies can incur debt that ranks senior to our equity investments in such companies.***

Portfolio companies in which we invest usually will have, or may be permitted to incur, debt that ranks senior to our equity investments. As a result, payments on such securities may have to be made before we receive any payments on our investments. For example, these debt instruments may provide that the holders are entitled to receive payment of interest or principal on or before the dates on which we are entitled to receive payments with respect to our investments. These debt instruments will usually prohibit the portfolio companies from paying interest on or repaying our investments in the event and during the continuance of a default under such debt. In the event of insolvency, liquidation, dissolution, reorganization or bankruptcy of a portfolio company, holders of debt instruments ranking senior to our investment in that portfolio company would typically be entitled to receive payment in full before we receive any distribution in respect of our investment. After repaying its senior creditors, a portfolio company may not have any remaining assets to use to repay its obligation to us or provide a full or even partial return of capital on an equity investment made by us.

***If our investments do not meet our performance expectations, you may not receive distributions.***

We intend to make distributions on a quarterly basis to our stockholders out of assets legally available for distribution. We may not be able to achieve operating results that will allow us to make distributions at a specific level or to increase the amount of these distributions from time to time. In addition, due to the asset coverage test applicable to us as a BDC, we may be limited in our ability to make distributions. Also, restrictions and provisions in any future credit facilities and debt securities may limit our ability to make distributions. We cannot assure you that you will receive distributions at a particular level or at all.

***The lack of liquidity in our investments may adversely affect our business, and if we need to sell any of our investments, we may not be able to do so at a favorable price.***

***As a result, we may suffer losses.***

We generally expect to invest in the equity of companies whose securities are not publicly traded, and whose securities will be subject to legal and other restrictions on resale or will otherwise be less liquid than publicly-traded securities. We also expect to invest in debt securities with terms of five to ten years and hold such investments until maturity. The illiquidity of these investments may make it difficult for us to sell these investments when desired. In addition, if we are required to liquidate all or a portion of our portfolio quickly, we may realize significantly less than the value at which we had previously recorded these investments. As a result, we do not expect to achieve liquidity in our investments in the near-term. However, to maintain our status as a BDC, we may have to dispose of investments if we do not satisfy one or more of the applicable criteria under the regulatory framework. Our investments are usually subject to contractual or legal restrictions on resale or are otherwise illiquid because there is usually no established trading market for such investments. The illiquidity of most of our investments may make it difficult for us to dispose of them at a favorable price, and, as a result, we may suffer losses.

***We will be exposed to risks associated with changes in interest rates.***

Equity securities may be particularly sensitive to rising interest rates, which generally increase borrowing costs and the cost of capital and may reduce the ability of portfolio companies in which we own equity securities to either execute acquisitions or expansion projects in a cost-effective manner or provide us liquidity by completing an initial public offering or completing a sale. Fluctuations in interest rates will also impact any debt investments we make. Changes in interest rates may also negatively impact the costs of our outstanding borrowings, if any.

***We may not have the funds to make additional investments in our portfolio companies.***

After our initial investment in a portfolio company, we may be called upon from time to time to provide additional funds to such company or have the opportunity to increase our investment through the exercise of a warrant to purchase common stock. There is no assurance that we will make, or will have sufficient funds to make, follow-on investments. Any decisions not to make a follow-on investment or any inability on our part to make such an investment may have a negative impact on a portfolio company in need of such an investment, may result in a missed opportunity for us to increase our participation in a successful operation or may reduce the expected yield on the investment.

***Changes in laws or regulations or in the interpretations of laws or regulations could significantly affect our operations and cost of doing business.***

We are subject to federal, state and local laws and regulations and are subject to judicial and administrative decisions that affect our operations, including loan originations, maximum interest rates, fees and other charges, disclosures to portfolio companies, the terms of secured transactions, collection and foreclosure procedures and other trade practices. If these laws, regulations or decisions change, we may have to incur significant expenses in order to comply, or we may have to restrict our operations. In addition, if we do not comply with applicable laws, regulations and decisions, or fail to obtain licenses that may become necessary for the conduct of our business; we may be subject to civil fines and criminal penalties, any of which could have a material adverse effect upon our business, results of operations or financial condition.

***Our internal controls over financial reporting may not be adequate, and our independent registered public accounting firm may not be able to certify as to their adequacy, which could have a significant and adverse effect on our business and reputation.***

We are evaluating our internal controls over financial reporting. We plan to design enhanced processes and controls to address any issues that might be identified. As a result, we expect to incur significant additional expenses in the near term, which will negatively impact our financial performance and our ability to make distributions. This process will also result in a diversion of management's time and attention. We cannot be certain as to the timing of completion of our evaluation, testing and remediation actions or the impact of the same on our operations and may not be able to ensure that the process is effective or that the internal controls are, or will be effective in a timely manner. Beginning with our annual report for our fiscal year ended November 30, 2008, our management will be required to report on our internal controls over financial reporting pursuant to Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and rules and regulations of the SEC there under. We will be required to review on an annual basis our internal controls over financial reporting, and to disclose on a quarterly basis changes that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal controls over financial reporting. There can be no assurance that our quarterly reviews will not identify material weaknesses.

**Risks Related to an Investment in the U.S. Energy Infrastructure Sector**

***Our portfolio is and will continue to be concentrated in the energy infrastructure sector, which will subject us to more risks than if we were broadly diversified.***

We invest primarily in privately-held and micro-cap public energy companies. Because we are specifically focused on the energy infrastructure sector, investments in our common shares may present more risks than if we were broadly diversified over numerous sectors of the economy. Therefore, a downturn in the U.S. energy infrastructure sector would have a larger impact on us than on an investment company that does not concentrate in one sector of the economy. The energy infrastructure sector can be significantly affected by the supply of and demand for specific products and services; the supply and demand for crude oil, natural gas, and other energy commodities; the price of crude oil, natural gas, and other energy commodities; exploration, production and other capital expenditures; government regulation; world and regional events and economic conditions. At times, the performance of securities of companies in the energy infrastructure sector may lag the performance of securities of companies in other sectors or the broader market as a whole.

***The portfolio companies in which we invest are subject to variations in the supply and demand of various energy commodities.***

A decrease in the production of natural gas, natural gas liquids, crude oil, coal, refined petroleum products or other energy commodities, or a decrease in the volume of such commodities available for transportation, mining, processing, storage or distribution, may adversely impact the financial performance of companies in the energy

infrastructure sector. Production declines and volume decreases could be caused by various factors, including catastrophic events affecting production, depletion of resources, labor difficulties, political events, OPEC actions, environmental proceedings, increased regulations, equipment failures and unexpected maintenance problems, failure to obtain necessary permits, unscheduled outages, unanticipated expenses, inability to successfully carry out new construction or acquisitions, import supply disruption, increased competition from alternative energy sources or related commodity prices. Alternatively, a sustained decline in demand for such commodities could also adversely affect the financial performance of companies in the energy infrastructure sector. Factors that could lead to a decline in demand include economic recession or other adverse economic conditions, higher fuel taxes or governmental regulations, increases in fuel economy, consumer shifts to the use of alternative fuel sources, changes in commodity prices or weather.

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**Many companies in the energy infrastructure sector are subject to the risk that they, or their customers, will be unable to replace depleted reserves of energy commodities.** Many companies in the energy infrastructure sector are either engaged in the production of natural gas, natural gas liquids, crude oil, refined petroleum products or coal, or are engaged in transporting, storing, distributing and processing these items on behalf of producers. To maintain or grow their revenues, many customers of these companies need to maintain or expand their reserves through exploration of new sources of supply, through the development of existing sources, through acquisitions, or through long-term contracts to acquire reserves. The financial performance of companies in the energy infrastructure sector may be adversely affected if the companies to which they provide service are unable to cost-effectively acquire additional reserves sufficient to replace the natural decline.

**Our portfolio companies are and will be subject to extensive regulation because of their participation in the energy infrastructure sector.**

Companies in the energy infrastructure sector are subject to significant federal, state and local government regulation in virtually every aspect of their operations, including how facilities are constructed, maintained and operated, environmental and safety controls, and the prices they may charge for the products and services they provide. Various governmental authorities have the power to enforce compliance with these regulations and the permits issued under them, and violators are subject to administrative, civil and criminal penalties, including civil fines, injunctions or both. Stricter laws, regulations or enforcement policies could be enacted in the future that likely would increase compliance costs and may adversely affect the financial performance of companies in the energy infrastructure sector and the value of our investments in those companies.

**Our portfolio companies are and will be subject to the risk of fluctuations in commodity prices.**

The operations and financial performance of companies in the energy infrastructure sector may be directly affected by energy commodity prices, especially those companies in the energy infrastructure sector owning the underlying energy commodity. Commodity prices fluctuate for several reasons, including changes in market and economic conditions, the impact of weather on demand or supply, levels of domestic production and imported commodities, energy conservation, domestic and foreign governmental regulation and taxation and the availability of local, intrastate and interstate transportation systems. Volatility of commodity prices, which may lead to a reduction in production or supply, may also negatively impact the performance of companies in the energy infrastructure sector that are solely involved in the transportation, processing, storing, distribution or marketing of commodities. Volatility of commodity prices may also make it more difficult for companies in the energy infrastructure sector to raise capital to the extent the market perceives that their performance may be tied directly or indirectly to commodity prices. Historically, energy commodity prices have been cyclical and exhibited significant volatility.

**Our portfolio companies are and will be subject to the risk of extreme weather patterns.**

Extreme weather patterns, such as Hurricane Ivan in 2004 and Hurricanes Katrina and Rita in 2005 could result in significant volatility in the supply of energy and power. This volatility may create fluctuations in commodity prices and earnings of companies in the energy infrastructure sector. Moreover, any extreme weather patterns, such as Hurricanes Katrina and Rita, could adversely impact the assets and valuation of our portfolio companies.

**Acts of terrorism may adversely affect us.**

The value of our common shares, warrants, and our investments could be significantly and negatively impacted as a result of terrorist activities, such as the terrorist attacks on the World Trade Center on September 11, 2001; war, such as the war in Iraq and its aftermath; and other geopolitical events, including upheaval in the Middle East or other energy producing regions. The U.S. government has issued warnings that energy assets, specifically those related to pipeline infrastructure, production facilities and transmission and distribution facilities, might be specific targets of terrorist activity. Such events have led, and in the future may lead, to short-term market volatility and may have long-term effects on the U.S. economy and markets. Such events may also adversely affect our business and financial condition.

## **ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS.**

On February 1, 2007, the Securities and Exchange Commission declared effective our Registration Statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-136923) for the initial public offering of 5,740,000 of our common shares at a price of \$15.00 per share. We commenced our offering immediately thereafter. On February 7, 2007, we completed the sale of 5,740,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$15.00 per share. Merrill Lynch & Co. acted as the book running manager. Stifel Nicolaus, Wachovia Securities, Oppenheimer & Co. and Ferris, Baker Watts Incorporated acted as co-managers.

The gross proceeds of the offering were \$86,100,000 and we received net proceeds from the offering (after deducting offering expenses of \$850,574 and the sales load of \$6,027,000) of \$79,222,426. Our total offering expenses consisted of legal, accounting, printing and miscellaneous expenses. No payments for such expenses were made directly or indirectly to (i) any of our directors, officers or their associates, (ii) any person owning 10 percent or more of any class of our equity securities, or (iii) any of our affiliates.

We used \$19,098,750 of the net proceeds of the offering to pay dividends on, and redeem all of our previously outstanding Series A Redeemable Preferred Stock and \$12,600,000 of the net proceeds of the offering to repay the outstanding balance of our credit facility. The remaining net proceeds have been used to fund additional investments in new and existing portfolio companies.

On July 26, 2007, a resale registration statement covering securities issued in private placements prior to the company's initial public offering was declared effective. The securities registered for resale are the common stock and warrants issued in September 2005 in our seed round, the common stock and warrants issued in December 2005 and January 2006 in our initial private placement, the warrants issued in December 2006, and the common stock issuable upon exercise of the warrants. We will not receive any proceeds from the securities registered for resale, other than cash consideration in connection with the exercise of the warrants. As of August 31, 2007, a total of 11,350 warrants have been exercised (with a corresponding number of common shares issued upon exercise) at \$15.00 per common share, for proceeds of \$170,250. All such proceeds have been used for working capital purposes.

On June 1, 2007, we issued 2,384 shares of common stock under our dividend reinvestment plan pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities Act of 1933. The aggregate offering price for the shares of common stock sold under the dividend reinvestment plan was approximately \$42,537 and the proceeds were used for working capital purposes.

We did not repurchase any of our common shares during the period from our initial public offering through August 31, 2007.

## **ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES.**

Not applicable.

## **ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS.**

Not applicable.

## **ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION.**

Not applicable.

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**ITEM 6. EXHIBITS**

<b>Exhibit</b>	<b>Description</b>
4.1	Dividend Reinvestment Plan (as amended effective June 1, 2007), is filed herewith
10.1	First Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated as of July 18, 2007, by and among the Company and U.S. Bank, N.A. as a lender, agent and lead arranger, and Bank of Oklahoma, N.A., which is attached as Exhibit 10.1 to the Form 8-K filed on July 20, 2007, is hereby incorporated by reference as Exhibit 10.1
31.1	Certification by Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, is filed herewith
31.2	Certification by Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, is filed herewith
32.1	Certification by Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, is furnished herewith

All other exhibits for which provision is made in the applicable regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission are not required under the related instruction or are inapplicable and therefore have been omitted.

**SIGNATURE**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

**TORTOISE CAPITAL RESOURCES CORPORATION**

Date: October 12, 2007

By: /s/ Terry C. Matlack

Terry C. Matlack  
Chief Financial Officer

**TORTOISE CAPITAL RESOURCES CORPORATION**  
**TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE DIVIDEND REINVESTMENT PLAN**

Registered holders (“Common Shareholders”) of common shares (the “Common Shares”) of Tortoise Capital Resources Corporation (the “Company”) whose Common Shares are registered with us or with a brokerage firm that participates in our Dividend Reinvestment Plan (the “Plan”) and has coded such holder’s account dividend reinvestment will automatically be enrolled (the “Participants”) in the Plan and are advised as follows:

1. **THE PLAN AGENT.** Computershare Trust Company, Inc. (the “Agent”) will act as agent for each Participant. The Agent will open an account for each Participant under the Plan in the same name in which his or her outstanding Common Shares are registered.
2. **CASH OPTION.** Pursuant to the Company’s Plan, unless a holder of Common Shares otherwise elects, all distributions, including dividends, capital gains, or return of capital will be automatically reinvested by the Agent in additional Common Shares of the Company. Common Shareholders who elect not to participate in the Plan will receive all distributions in cash paid by check mailed directly to the shareholder of record (or, if the shares are held in street or other nominee name then to such nominee) by the Agent, as dividend paying agent. Such Participants may elect not to participate in the Plan and to receive all distributions of dividends and capital gains in cash by sending written instructions to the Agent, as dividend paying agent, at the address set forth below. Please note that the Plan administrator may use an affiliated broker for trading activity, relative to the Plan on behalf of Plan participants.
3. **SHARE ISSUANCES.** The Company intends to use primarily newly-issued Common Shares to implement the Plan, whether its shares are trading at a premium or at a discount to net asset value. However, the Company reserves the right to instruct the Agent to purchase shares in the open-market in connection with its obligations under the Plan. The number of shares to be issued to a stockholder shall be determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the distribution payable to such stockholder by the market price per share of the Company’s common stock at the close of regular trading on the New York Stock Exchange (“NYSE”) on the distribution payment date. Market price per share on that date shall be the closing price for such shares on the NYSE or, if no sale is reported for such day, at the average of their reported bid and asked prices. If distributions are reinvested in shares purchased on the open market, then the number of shares received by a stockholder shall be determined by dividing the total dollar amount of the distribution payable to such stockholder by the weighted average price per share (including brokerage commissions and other related costs) for all shares purchased by the Agent on the open-market in connection with such distribution. Such open-market purchases will be made by the Agent as soon as practicable, but in no event more than 30 days after the distribution payment date. Open-market purchases may be made on any securities exchange where Common Shares are traded, in the over-the-counter market or in negotiated transactions, and may be on such terms as to price, delivery and otherwise as the Agent shall determine. Each Participant’s uninvested funds held by the Agent will not bear interest. The Agent shall have no liability in connection with any inability to purchase Common Shares within the time provided, or with the timing of any purchases effected. The Agent shall have no responsibility for the value of Common Shares acquired. The Agent may commingle Participants’ funds to be used for open-market purchases of Company shares.
4. **TAXATION.** The automatic reinvestment of distributions does not relieve Participants of any federal, state or local taxes which may be payable (or required to be withheld on distributions). Participants will receive tax information annually for their personal records and to help them prepare their federal income tax return. For further information as to tax consequences of participation in the Plan, Participants should consult with their own tax advisors.
5. **LIABILITY OF AGENT.** The Agent shall at all times act in good faith and agree to use its best efforts within reasonable limits to ensure the accuracy of all services performed under this Agreement and to comply with applicable law, but assumes no responsibility and shall not be liable for loss or damage due to errors unless such error is caused by the Agent’s negligence, bad faith, or willful misconduct or that of its employees.

6. **RECORDKEEPING.** The Agent may hold each Participant’s Common Shares acquired pursuant to the Plan together with the Common Shares of other Common Shareholders of the Company acquired pursuant to the Plan in non-certificated form in the Agent’s name or that of the Agent’s nominee. Each Participant will be sent a confirmation by the Agent of each acquisition made for his or her account as soon as practicable, but in no event later than 60 days, after the date thereof. Upon a Participant’s request, the Agent will deliver to the Participant, without charge, a certificate or certificates for the full Common Shares. Although each Participant may from time to time have an undivided fractional interest in a Common Share of the Company, no certificates for a fractional share will be issued. Similarly, Participants may request to sell a portion of the Common Shares held by the Agent in their Plan accounts by calling the Agent, writing to the Agent, or completing and returning the transaction form attached to each Plan statement. The Agent will sell such Common Shares through a broker-dealer selected by the Agent within 5 business days of receipt of the request. The sale price will equal the weighted average price of all Common Shares sold through the Plan on the day of the sale, less brokerage commissions. Participants should note that the Agent is unable to accept instructions to sell on a specific date or at a specific price. Any share dividends or split shares distributed by the Company on Common Shares held by the Agent for Participants will be credited to their accounts. In the event that the Company makes available to its Common Shareholders rights to purchase additional Common Shares, the Common Shares held for each Participant under the Plan will be added to other Common Shares held

by the Participant in calculating the number of rights to be issued to each Participant.

7. PROXY MATERIALS. The Agent will forward to each Participant any proxy solicitation material. The Agent will vote any Common Shares held for a Participant first in accordance with the instructions set forth on proxies returned by such Participant to the Company, and then with respect to any proxies not returned by such Participant to the Company, in the same proportion as the Agent votes the proxies returned by the Participants to the Company.

8. FEES. The Agent's service fee for handling distributions will be paid by the Company. Each Participant will be charged his or her pro rata share of brokerage commissions on all open-market purchases. If a Participant elects to have the Agent sell part or all of his or her Common Shares and remit the proceeds, such Participant will be charged his or her pro rata share of brokerage commissions on the shares sold, plus a \$15 transaction fee.

9. TERMINATION IN THE PLAN. Each registered Participant may terminate his or her account under the Plan by notifying the Agent in writing at P.O. Box 43078, Providence, Rhode Island 02940-3078, or by calling the Agent at (312-588-4990) or using the website: [www.computershare.com](http://www.computershare.com). Such termination will be effective with respect to a particular distribution if the Participant's notice is received by the Agent prior to such distribution record date. The Plan may be terminated by the Agent or the Company upon notice in writing mailed to each Participant at least 60 days prior to the effective date of the termination. Upon any termination, the Agent will cause a certificate or certificates to be issued for the full shares held for each Participant under the Plan and cash adjustment for any fraction of a Common Share at the then current market value of the Common Shares to be delivered to him. If preferred, a Participant may request the sale of all of the Common Shares held by the Agent in his or her Plan account in order to terminate participation in the Plan. If any Participant elects in advance of such termination to have Agent sell part or all of his shares, Agent is authorized to deduct from the proceeds a \$15 fee plus the brokerage commissions incurred for the transaction. If a Participant has terminated his or her participation in the Plan but continues to have Common Shares registered in his or her name, he or she may re-enroll in the Plan at any time by notifying the Agent in writing at the address above.

10. AMENDMENT OF THE PLAN. These terms and conditions may be amended by the Agent or the Company at any time but, except when necessary or appropriate to comply with applicable law or the rules or policies of the Securities and Exchange Commission or any other regulatory authority, only by mailing to each Participant appropriate written notice at least 30 days prior to the effective date thereof. The amendment shall be deemed to be accepted by each Participant unless, prior to the effective date thereof, the Agent receives notice of the termination of the Participant's account under the Plan. Any such amendment may include an appointment by the Agent of a successor Agent, subject to the prior written approval of the successor Agent by the Company.

11. APPLICABLE LAW. These terms and conditions shall be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware.

**CERTIFICATIONS**

I, David J. Schulte, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of Tortoise Capital Resources Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (c) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

**TORTOISE CAPITAL RESOURCES CORPORATION**

Date: October 12, 2007

By: /s/ David J. Schulte  
David J. Schulte  
President and Chief Executive Officer

## CERTIFICATIONS

I, Terry C. Matlack, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of Tortoise Capital Resources Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (c) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

**TORTOISE CAPITAL RESOURCES CORPORATION**

Date: October 12, 2007

By: /s/ Terry C. Matlack  
Terry C. Matlack  
Chief Financial Officer



**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO  
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Tortoise Capital Resources Corporation (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended August 31, 2007 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), we, David J. Schulte, Chief Executive Officer of the Company and Terry C. Matlack, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that: (1) the Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

**TORTOISE CAPITAL RESOURCES CORPORATION**

Date: October 12, 2007

By: /s/ David J. Schulte  
David J. Schulte  
President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: October 12, 2007

By: /s/ Terry C. Matlack  
Terry C. Matlack  
Chief Financial Officer

**A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.**